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#### Introduction

Survival is our way of welcoming you to Carleton. It covers, to the best of our ability, most of the important services and resources available at the university.

Please keep *Survival* on hand as a reference. Use it as a starting point if you ever come to wonder what you should do about an ultimatum from your landlord, a bill from your doctor marked "uninsured", a decision to switch programmes, a wish to know what academic discipline is best for you, or a fine on your statement of fees which you feel is not really merited. Remember, however, that in these, or any other situations, *Survival* is never the definitive final word on the policies of an institution or the implications of the law. Do seek expert advice whenever you have a difficult choice or an important decision to make. Those experts whose services are described in *Survival* nearly all contributed to this book. We are grateful for their willingness to advise us. We know they will just as happily give you a hand. With their help, we are sure you will do much more at Carleton than merely survive.

#### The Editors

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The reader is advised that Survival never provides the definitive interpretation of the policy of an institution or the meaning of legislation. For legal advice, consult an expert source of legal aid.

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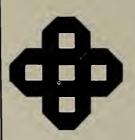
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Back row (left to right): Bruce Tate (Arts, VP Academic); Gord Jaseschko (Proxy for David Nuth, Engineering); Dave Moen (Special); Michael Bohlig (Commerce); Rick Huizenga (Arts); Paul Hurley (Science); Greg McElligott (President); Alan Taylor (Grads.); Chris Henderson (Finance Commissioner); Peter Behie (Arts, VP Community); Danl Loewen (Arts, Executive VP).

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1 Science seat and 1 Special Student seat are vacant.

These are *your* representatives; contact them at 231-4380 or room 401, Unicentre.

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Jim Kennelly Dorothy Kent EDITORS

John Hewitt DESIGN DIRECTOR

William Kretzel CALENDAR Mary Bourassa Liz Altorf Brian Johnson William Kretzel PRODUCTION STAFF A. E. Martin Dïana Sheng Anne Waddell

Owen Brandon ILLUSTRATIONS

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Most alphabet books are bestiary at heart. They begin with aardvark and end at zebra. To save you from future disappointment, we want to tell you at the outset that *Survival* has nothing to say about local wildlife. We do, however, cover most of what matters at Carleton from academic advice (which you may need) to zoetrope (which is the fanciest word we know that begins with a "Z"). So here it goes, the amazing alphabet.



#### **Academic Advice**

Academic Advice is not so much a rare as a complex commodity at Carleton. For an overview of what is available, see "Counselling". In addition, do not neglect the opinions of fellow students. Often they can tell you more about a professor or the difficulty of a course than the official advice givers. Expect opinions to differ, of course. Few of us share identical tastes.

For specific information on a programme, see the major or honours supervisor or chairperson of the department concerned. If your department agrees that you can meet the requirements for graduation in any way not clearly specified in the *Calendar*, have your advisor put his/her permission in writing. This can save you lots of worry later on.

For information on university or faculty regulations and their application, try your Faculty Registrar's Office (or Continuing Education if you are a special student). Make an appointment to see one of the people listed below, especially if your decision is a significant one (that is, if it involves an appeal, a lot of

money, possible failure or suspension, or your right to continue in a programme).

Casual advice can be unintentionally misleading. It may be more convenient or less intimidating to ask a friend or someone who looks less "official". But it always makes sense to make an appointment with some person trained and authorized to advise you. It won't help afterwards to say that someone else (but you don't remember who) gave you poor advice.

The following are some good people to talk to about academic rules and regulations:

- Arts and Social Sciences Jim Jackson (Registrar and Assistant Dean), Carole Dence (Assistant Registrar), Muriel Foulger, Davida Monk and Joel Nordenstrom (Records Officer/Counsellors). Telephone 231-7407. Room 312 Paterson Building.
- Science and Computer Science Ruth Lifeso (Registrar). Telephone: 231-6705. Room 212 Herzberg Building.
- Engineering, Architecture and Industrial Design Pat Ryan (Registrar and Assistant Dean), Susan Cotter (Assistant Registrar). Telephone: 231-4313. Room 353 MacKenzie Building. (In some cases, Architecture and Industrial Design students should also check with their respective Schools.)
- **Continuing Education** Keith Alnwick (Registrar). Telephone: 231-6660. Room 302 Administration Building.
- **Graduate Studies** Carl Amberg (Dean), Robert Laird (Associate Dean), Mrs. F.J. Corkran (Assistant to the Dean). Telephone: 231-4403. Room 215 Paterson Building.

#### **Academic Societies**

If you think your department's course pattern is nonsense, if you wonder why there is not enough money for new lab equipment, or if you are simply interested in getting together with other students in your school, department or institute for social or academic activities, do not despair. Carleton's system of university government does allow for student representation at the departmental and faculty level (usually 3 students for every ten members of your departmental board or equivalent).

In addition, many departments have academic societies, sometimes known as course unions, to co-ordinate the representation of student concerns and to provide a means for students, staff and faculty in a department to get to know one another.

To find out more about the academic society in your department, or for help in organizing one if it does not yet exist, contact the Students' Association (401 Unicentre, 231-4380). The V.P. Academic will be glad to help. (See also "New University Government", "Student Representation" and "Students' Association".)

#### **Addresses**

It may seem obvious, but lots of people forget to leave a current address with the university when they move, leave town for the summer, or when their parents' address changes. The result is that you may not get your marks, or notice of deregistration, or the material for your next registration. When you move, or leave town for the summer or graduate, take a moment to drop in to your Faculty Registrar's Office. (See "Registrars' Offices".)

#### **Apartment Hunting**

For the legal side of your responsibilities and obligations once you move in, see "Landlord and Tenant Relations". What follows, here, are some hints on what to watch out for to protect yourself from potential problems.

First and foremost, realize that the condition of the place you pick is unlikely to change. The debatable merits of high rise versus low rise or single versus shared accommodation, and the best locations in Ottawa, are a matter of taste.

Some factors, however, like insects, loud noise, or an absence of hot water are probably repugnant to everyone. The chances are, despite the charming sales pitch of a landlord or agent, that an apartment full of bad smells, peeling paint, loose wiring and broken windows will stay that way. You might spend the rest of the year trying to enforce your rights as a tenant instead of doing more pleasant or productive things.

Advice from friends and newspaper ads are two popular means of finding accommodation. Remember that the French language daily (Le Droit) may carry listings not available in The Citizen or The Journal. Listings in the Housing Office (2nd floor, Residence Commons Building) and notice boards around Carleton and Ottawa University may also be helpful. If you use a rental agency, make sure you know exactly what services you will be getting for the money you pay.

However you find your place, it is crucial to inspect the premises carefully before you make a decision. Here is a list of some things to watch out for when making up your mind.

- Find out who pays for utilities. If you will be paying for the fuel (especially in a large house you plan to share with other students), get an estimate of fuel costs. Do not simply take the landlord's word for this: if s/he does not pay for the fuel, s/he probably does not know or care about the cost. Find out, if possible, from previous tenants and from the fuel company. (Fuel prices vary, by the way, so phone around before you sign a fuel contract and negotiate for the lowest price.)
- If you pay for heating, storm windows are essential. Look for actual windows; do not settle for a verbal promise. Extra insulation is a bonus but hard to find in rental housing. Remember to

- calculate a \$600 annual fuel bill, for example, as a real increase in your rental costs. (It is not, however, calculable in claiming your Ontario income tax rebate based on occupancy costs.)
- Find out if parking is included in the rent. If not, find out how much it costs, where it is and who is responsible for snow removal.
- Look for a control for adjusting the temperature. If it is not within your unit, or if it is locked, you may find the Ottawa winter a little chilly.
- Check the water pressure, hot water and presence (or absence) of a shower.
- Inspect the refrigerator and stove. Be sure the freezer freezes and the burners and oven operate. Find out if the landlord is renting an "equipped unit" or if these are just abandoned relics of past tenants. If the landlord accepts responsibility for the appliances, get it in writing.
- Find out if there is enough storage space and, if you own any large cumbersome objects, measure the doors to see if your grandfather's roll-top desk, for example, will fit.
- Check for cockroaches, mice and other vermin and dirt and noise. (Come back late one evening if noise irks you.)
- Ask other tenants, if possible, about the willingness of the landlord to make repairs. A good landlord is a real benefit.

Of course, no unit will be perfect. If money is your major concern, you may be happy to settle for no shower, no parking and a bad paint job. What is important is that you know clearly what your home will be like.

If your landlord agrees to make repairs, provide parking, pay for utilities, help you to paint the place or whatever, get it in writing. Do not accept his/her vague promise. Do not assume s/he will do what you want unasked. Write it down and have both parties sign. This can take the form of a lease, an "addendum" to a lease or a separate agreement. If your landlord resists written agreements, take along an acquaintance and make sure s/he heard what you heard. Most problems with verbal assurances lie in misunderstanding and in one's inability to prove what was said.

you can negotiate its content, you cannot change your mind about it afterwards without getting into the problems of subletting, termination and so on. Agreements to a lease are also binding. This works both ways. Think how you would feel if the landlord changed his/her mind the day before you moved. A written agreement to lease sometimes binds the tenant but not the landlord, so read it carefully.

Finally, if you think you may be leaving Ottawa for the summer (to work, go home, or study elsewhere), you might want to ask your landlord how s/he feels about this. Since the landlord, by law, cannot "unreasonably refuse" you the right to sublet, you may prefer not to mention this at the outset. (Most landlords prefer tenants who will stay for a while.)

On the other hand, Ottawa has a high vacancy rate for a city of its size. This is good news if you are apartment hunting in September, but bad news if you are trying to sublet in May. A "perfect" apartment in the fashionable Glebe should be no problem to sublet, but (especially if your apartment is not very well located or maintained) it helps to start looking for subtenants as

early as you can. (See also "Landlord and Tenant Relations" and "Rent Review.")

#### **Appeals**

Despite the length of this article, you may never have to appeal an academic or administrative decision at Carleton. If, on the other hand, you feel that an injustice has been done or the facts overlooked, you should certainly try to make your case heard. Every regulatory system (and the university has its share of rules and regulations) includes appeal systems for this very reason. While no one wants to encourage a "frivolous" or "vexatious" appeal, do not hesitate to use the system when you feel you must. At worst, if you do not win your case, you will have learned more about the reasons behind any decision against you.

• Academic Appeals Once the university has approved a course outline and added it to the *Calendar*, the instructor has a fairly wide freedom to teach as and what s'he pleases. For this reason, but also because an informal approach is usually the best beginning in any case, you should first approach your instructor directly with a complaint about course work or instruction. If it is a concern you share with other students, discuss it and try to work out a solution as a group. If the issue remains unresolved, meet with the chairperson or director of the department or school concerned. She or he will probably be able to mediate in the dispute.

While the exercise of independent academic judgment is an important right of any instructor, there are some limitations set by departmental, faculty or Senate (university-wide) rules. For example, there is a deadline (the last date for course changes in a given term) by which time your instructor must have informed students, in writing, how the marking scheme is to operate. Similarly, there are rules which govern how late in an academic year exams and assignments may be scheduled. For qualifying and first year courses, final and mid-year exams must be held during the official examination period. In these courses, and also in second and third year courses, no tests or exams may be held in the last 2 weeks of classes in the first or second terms of the winter session. (For more exam rules, see page 44 of the *Calendar*.)

For an impartial, outside opinion, and perhaps representation or advice, see the Office of the Ombudsman (231-6717). Your Faculty Registrar's Office can help fill you in on faculty and university-wide rules.

A common sort of appeal is one which, (although it may begin informally) would fall under the jurisdiction of the appeals committee in your faculty (or in Continuing Education if you are a special student or the executive committee of Graduate Studies if you are a graduate student). The committees are empowered to interpret academic rules, to allow an exception to a rule and to review the administrative application of a regulation. Included are the rules governing standing, probation, graduation, withdrawing and permission to continue registration. Not usually included in the jurisdiction of these committees are disciplinary action (e.g. cheating or plagiarism), substantive reviews of academic assignments (review of grades) and certain other situations.

Some appeals to these committees are "routine", for example an appeal to withdraw retroactively from a course (after the deadline) because you will be in traction for the next two months. Others are much more complicated. The committees almost always meet "in camera". This means your appeal will be totally in writing. It is sensible to make an appointment to go over what information should be included in your letter of appeal with the relevant registrar (or other counselling staff) in your faculty. (See "Registrars' Offices".) If the issues are reasonably complex, you might also wish to consult the Office of the Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717).

If your appeal is not allowed, you may be able to appeal further to the University Senate. The Senate is Carleton's chief academic decision-making body. On occasion, in the past, students have been accorded hearings before the Senate. They have been allowed to present their case in person or to have it presented by the Office of the Ombudsman. Check with the Ombudsman's Office about the relevant procedures.

The "in camera" functioning of the faculty appeals committees is currently under review. There are proposals to substitute new procedures. Call the Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380) for more information.

• **Review of Grades** Grading is very much up to the individual instructor. While there are some general guidelines, the way in which you will be graded (as long as the class is informed, in writing, of the form and weighting) is the instructor's responsibility. (For general problems or complaints with the marking scheme, see above.)

However, on an individual basis, errors in a final grade can happen. Arithmetical or clerical errors are not infrequent; even substantive errors of judgment can occur. You should normally begin by speaking informally with your instructor as soon as you can after the grades are posted. Some departments insist on a formal review of grades, others do not. Some ensure that one or two other instructors review your work. A few departments almost never intervene in an individual instructor's assessment. Since there are over 40 schools and departments, the variation is wide

If you are not satisfied with your instructor's response, you may take your request to the chairperson of the department (or director of the school) concerned. If you are still unsatisfied, call the Office of the Ombudsman (231-6717).

The formal procedure for a review of grade should ensure that your request is not overlooked. (However, we would still advise speaking to your instructor as well, if you can.) To begin, fill out a formal request for review at your Faculty Registrar's Office within 14 days of the official release of grades. You will be informed in writing of the result. There is a fee of \$10 which is refundable if your grade is raised.

You should note that it is possible that, on review, your grade will be lowered.

If your request for a review is unsuccessful, you may want to write a supplemental or grade-raising exam. (See "Supplemental Exams".) Discuss this with a member of your Faculty Registrar's Office at the outset of your request for a review.

• **Disciplinary Appeals** If your appeal is against a penalty for, or an accusation of, an academic offence such as plagiarism or

breaking exam regulations, visit the Office of the Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717). Special procedures apply both here and at the final stages of an appeal against an administrative penalty (e.g. an offence against property).

• Administrative Appeals These fall into many separate categories. Usually it is best to begin with the person in charge of the relevant area. For example, Athletics facility complaints should go to Keith Harris, Head of Athletics (231-2646). Bookstore complaints should be taken to Philip Gore, the Bookstore Manager (231-6616). Food Service complaints should be directed to Dick Brown, Director of Housing and Food Services (231-2785) if the manager of the specific food outlet cannot help. Library problems may be taken to Diane Gavin, Head of Circulation (231-2750) if overdue books, billing, etc. are involved or to Verna Wilmeth, the Assistant Chief Librarian. Disputed parking fines (and related matters) should be brought to the attention of Marshall Stephens, Traffic Supervisor (231-2718).

In all these cases, there are policy committees (usually including students) which are empowered to hear individual appeals. If you encounter initial resistance, or if you want to appeal to one of these committees, contact the Office of the Ombudsman (231-6717) for help.

- Residence Appeals Most residence complaints can be resolved informally with the help of floor reps or your residence fellows. There is a formal Residence Judicial Committee for student-to-student problems. Procedures are detailed in Communitas, the residence handbook.
- Students' Association Appeals The operations of the Students' Association may give rise to complaints from students using a facility, working part-time, or who feel their concerns are not being well represented. For policy complaints, see the President, Greg McElligott, (231-4380) or a member of the Executive or the Students' Council. Direct complaints about services to the area manager or, if unresolved, to Gordon Seale, the General Manager (231-4380). If you encounter problems as a part-time employee (or as an applicant with hiring procedures), visit the Office of the Ombudsman.

This is your association. Remember that you can always take a proposal directly to the Students' Council, attend meetings, work on sub-committees, or run for election yourself. By-elections usually occur in October. General Elections are in February.

■ Last Words Grievances and appeals are not very systematically dealt with at Carleton. However, the Office of the Ombudsman is always available to help you understand the procedures. Remember, as well, that the University President (William Beckel, Room 601 Administration Building, 231-4301), the Academic Vice-President (Tom Ryan), and any one of the Deans may be willing to help you. There is a long tradition of this kind of intervention at Carleton. Do not let yourself be intimidated. As executive officers of the University, they may be able to simplify the problems you face.

Finally, it helps to realize that, when dealing with a complaint, grievance or appeal, university employees or faculty members do not suddenly become the "enemy". They remain in a position to assist you and should be dealt with as such.

#### **Arrest and Bail**

Despite all those American television shows we watch, the police in Canada have no obligation to "read us our rights" when we are stopped, questioned or arrested. It is up to us to know what our rights are.

It makes sense to be polite and reasonably co-operative in dealing with the police. Common sense (as well as some recent case law) suggests that we have an obligation to identity ourselves by name and address. The police have a strict responsibility to identify themselves by name (if requested) and to carry their badges as proof.

If an officer invites you to the station for "further investigation", you should ask if you are under arrest. If not, you have no obligation to go. Again, use common sense. If you have witnessed or been involved in a crime your statement will be needed. On the other hand, it is your right to postpone making any statement at least until you have legal advice.

A police officer cannot detain you without reasonable and lawful grounds. A reasonable suspicion that you may be in possession of illicit drugs or weapons constitutes such grounds.

If you are arrested, the arresting officer must specify (if asked) that an arrest is being made and why. Even under arrest, you are not obliged to answer any questions initially except to give your name and address. However, anything you do say can be used as evidence against you. You have the right to legal advice first. You also have the right to any reasonable number of phone calls (not just one) to reach a lawyer or relative.

After questioning, the police must decide if there is enough evidence to charge you. If not, you must be released. Under the Bail Reform Act, most people who are charged with an offence can be released immediately. However, you should contact a lawyer as soon as possible even if your offence is not very serious or you have no previous record. In general, be pleasant but do not make a statement or admission until you have some legal help. Do not make a deal or sign a statement to save time or trouble. Let your lawyer advise you. (See also "Legal Aid".)

#### **Arts and Crafts Studio Workshop**

The Arts and Crafts Workshop (2nd Floor Unicentre, 231-5507) offers instruction, equipment and supervision in various arts and crafts including pottery and woodworking. The programmes range from introductory courses to advanced sessions with an opportunity for exhibition and/or sale of your work. A monthly membership fee is charged for use of the facility.

#### **Athletics**

Carleton's Athletic and Physical Recreation Department offers a diverse programme of physical recreation. The policies and programmes, including the budget, are set by the Athletics Board composed of students, faculty and staff members.

• Facilities offered in the Physical Recreation Centre include the following: I0 metre swimming pool; Fitness Centre; Testing Rooms; Physiotherapy Room; Sports Medicine Clinic; Men's and Women's Locker Rooms (including sauna, whirlpool bath and sunroom); Double Gymnasium; Four American Squash Courts and nine International Squash Courts (under construction); Five Tennis Courts; Combative Room; Multipurpose Room; Outdoor Team Rooms.

- Hours of Operation for the Centre are 7:15 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday and 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. on Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday. There are slightly restricted hours for use of some areas such as the pool.
- Varsity Activities include basketball, fencing, football, waterpolo and cross-country skiing for men and basketball, fencing, volleyball, cross-country skiing and synchronized swimming for women.
- Intramural Sports for women include basketball, broomball, badminton, hockey, powderpuff football, volleyball, tennis, squash and swimming. For men, there is basketball, broomball, cross-country skiing, touch football, curling, hockey, squash, volleyball and tennis. There are also a number of mixed intramural activities.
- Instructional Programming encompasses a wide range of activities such as karate, jiu-jitsu, yoga, tennis, squash, fitness, several types of dance and all levels of swimming.
- Freelance Recreation is available for people to take part, on their own, in activities such as squash, tennis, pick-up basketball, fitness and recreational swimming.

For information on any of these programmes, or to show your interest in new ones, contact Athletics at 231-3746 or 231-2646. To book a squash or tennis court call the Tuck Shop at 231-5655. The Students' Association (CUSA) is always interested in hearing from students who want to participate in the Athletics Board or who have suggestions or advice. Call them at 231-4380. (Submitted by Athletics.)

#### **Awards Office**

The Awards Office (Room 202 Administration Building, 231-3735) is the best place to go for information on the Ontario Student Assistance Program (OSAP), emergency loans, bursaries, scholarships and student aid in general. Pick up your OSAP applications here.

If you have detailed questions, make an appointment to see the Awards Officer, Coralie Bartley, or Carol Fleck the Assistant Awards Officer. It is a good idea to visit the Awards Office as early as you can since it will take time to process your application. (See also "Expenses" and "Financial Aid".)



#### **Babysitting Service**

The Students' Association (CUSA) operates a babysitting service which tries to match up willing babysitters and parents. The service is for students (or others) who need babysitting on a regular basis. For example if you are looking for a job or need someone to take care of your children every Wednesday night while you are at your class, call Eleanor MacDonald at 231-4380.

#### **Bank**

There is a branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia on campus in the basement level of Paterson Hall. The bank is open Monday to Friday during regular banking hours. The manager is Mr. D. Bailey.

Long line-ups tend to develop in September when many new student accounts are opened and often there is a 10 day "hold" on deposited cheques and a two week waiting period for a transfer of accounts. To save time, you can open an account before you arrive. Just send the bank a letter enclosing your name, home address, Ottawa address, Social Insurance Number, student number (if you have one) and a bank draft, money order or certified cheque.

For more information, call 566-2360. (See also "Credit Unions".)

#### **Birth Control**

There is probably nothing as difficult to talk about as human sexuality although there are few areas in life where information and understanding are as important. Two sources of information on birth control and sexuality are: Health Services, 6th Floor Unicentre, 231-2755, and Peer Counselling Centre, Room 502 Unicentre, 231-7476.

By and large, both provide a supportive and non-judgemental atmosphere. Don't hesitate, however, to ask to speak to someone else if you are uncomfortable or to get clarification on any question. You have both the right and the obligation to be informed. One good person to see in Health Services is Dr. O'Brien.

While birth planning is a part of responsible adult life, no one method is suitable for everyone. Consider the methods available, your own preferences and perhaps those of your partner and make a decision on what is best for you.

- Birth Control Pills are made of synthetic hormones (estrogen and progesterone) which inhibit ovulation. They are taken daily in 21 or 28 day cycles. You must have a complete doctor's examination since a family history of diabetes or a personal history of asthma, epilepsy, jaundice, blood clotting or severe depression may mean the pill is inappropriate for you. Stay in touch with your doctor about any side-effects. Switching to another brand may help. In any case, don't write off a problem as unimportant until you check it out.
- IUD (Intrauterine Device) is a small object inserted in the uterus where it creates a "hostile environment" which prevents pregnancy. There are two types: physical (plastic or stainless steel) and chemical (copper or progesterone). Chemical IUDs may require annual replacement. An IUD must be inserted by a doctor. Some initial pain (cramping) is common. If you experience extreme pain, however, go to your doctor or to a clinic or hospital immediately. IUD's have strings attached (literally, not figuratively). You should check the string monthly to make sure the IUD is in place.
- Condoms and Spermicidal Foam may be used separately, but their effectiveness is vastly increased when used together. Both can be purchased without prescription in any drug store. The condom is a rubber sheath unrolled over the erect penis before intercourse leaving a half inch space at the end. The idea is to make sure no seminal fluid escapes into or around the vagina. Never use vasoline or petroleum jelly with a condom as it destroys the rubber and never try to re-use a condom or to use one that has any appearance of damage or tearing. Spermicidal foam may be applied up to one hour before intercourse. When you buy foam for the first time, make sure an applicator is included.
- Diaphragm and Spermicidal Jelly are always used together. The diaphragm is a flexible rubber-covered spring inserted inside the vagina before intercourse. Diaphragms come in various sizes. A doctor's prescription is needed.
- Basal Thermal Method involves extensive charting of body temperature and some days of abstinence each month. Serena (55 Parkdale 749-6713) is a local organization devoted to this method. The decision is yours, but the method does involve serious rates of risk for young women with irregular menstrual cycles or for couples lacking sufficient commitment.
- Effectiveness Rates are double-edged. The following list provides the theoretical number of pregnancies per 100 women during the first year of use and in the brackets following, the

average number during actual use. Draw your own conclusions.

Birth Control Pill	0.34 (4-10 average)
IUD	I to 3.0 (5 average)
Condom & Foam	1.0 (or less) (5 average)
Diaphragm & Jelly	3.0 (17 average)
Condom alone	3.0 (10 average)
Foam alone	3.0 (22 average)
Coitus Interruptus	9.0 (20–25 average)
Basal Thermal	13.0 (15 average)

- Coitus Interruptus or withdrawal of the penis before ejaculation is one birth control method this writer cannot recommend. It is possible for sufficient seminal fluid to escape to cause pregnancy. It is probably better than nothing. However, nothing is not the only other option as there are any number of ways to express affection through physical contact and to give and receive pleasure other than intercourse itself.
- **Sources** of this article include *Contraceptive Technology* (9th Edition) and *Our Bodies, Ourselves*. At the Peer Counselling Centre, you may take a look at these and other material.

#### **Bookstore**

Carleton's Bookstore (2nd Floor, Southam Hall, 231-6616) supplies course texts and related materials as well as stationery, records, school rings, T-shirts, crested products, bus tickets and passes.

All books carried in the Bookstore are listed in alphabetical order, by title and author, in computer printed listings found at the Book Information Desk. The computer listings give title, author, publisher, selling price and location in the bookstore. If you can't locate a book, the staff can help.

Keep the sales receipt you receive from the cashier. Return and refund policies are posted at each cash register. Familiarize yourself with them.

A deposit of \$3.00 enables you to order any book not carried as regular stock and a deposit of \$1.00 (non-refundable) allows you to reserve a copy of an out-of-stock text book.

The Carleton Bookstore buys and sells your used books. Selling prices for used course books are somewhat less than for new books.

If you find the Bookstore is out of stock or has not received its publisher's shipment of a particular book you need for a course, don't despair. There are a number of other good bookstores in Ottawa, e.g. the Ottawa U Bookstore, Shirley Leishman's (downtown), Prospero Books (Billings Bridge and downtown) and Octopus Books (Bank Street). Phone and find out if they have what you need.

Second-hand bookstores are also worth a try for older texts at greatly reduced prices. There are three of them on Bank Street between First and Fifth Avenues as well as a number of others scattered around Ottawa. Note, too, that many off-campus bookstores do not charge a deposit on books ordered on your behalf. Second-hand bookstores may be able to search for rare or out-of-print books for you, again usually without a special charge.

#### **Bus Transportation**

OC Transpo (741-4390) is Ottawa's public transit system. (You can find it as the third item under "O" in the telephone directory. (Don't look for a full name: "OC" is it.)

If you take the bus more than eight times a week, definitely get a bus pass. It will save you money. Go to Carlingwood Shopping Centre or downtown to 294 Albert Street at Kent (741-4390) to get your picture taken for the "personalized section" of your pass. The Albert Street office is only open on weekdays during regular office hours.

Buses on campus are the 7, 77, 85 and 64; the number 4 stops at the edge of the campus at the corner of Bronson and Sunnyside. These (and most other buses) change their routes (and times) drastically on Sundays. For information on Sunday "Orange Bus Routes" call 741-4390. The staff here can also provide regular route information and timetables. At Albert Street, you can pick up printed schedules for any of the bus routes. Some are also available at the Bookstore in Southam Hall (see "Bookstore") but, of course you won't be the only one looking for a bus schedule in September.

OC Transpo has an exact fare policy. Fares can be paid by cash (60 cents), or tickets (5 for \$3) or by showing a bus pass (\$18 for an unlimited number of regular rides during a single calendar month.) Don't be distracted by "student fares" by the way. They apply to high school and elementary school students under eighteen.

OC Transpo also has an express service and dial-a-bus service, Tele Transpo, for those of us who live in suburbia. They are subject to a 15 cent premium or you can get unlimited service for these and regular buses with an OC Unipass at \$22.50.

All these prices are likely to increase by ten per cent in the near future. Expect an announcement some time in the fall.

While the photographic ID portion of both kinds of bus passes must be purchased (or replaced if lost) in person at Albert Street or the Carlingwood Shopping Centre, the monthly pass portion can be picked up at many corner stores, department stores and so on around Ottawa. On campus, you can buy them (as well as tickets) at the Bookstore and at The Variety Store (4th Floor Unicentre). Tickets, but not passes, can also be purchased at Glengarry House (Residence).

OC Transpo's Lost and Found is located at 805 Belfast Road. Enquiries about lost articles can be made at 563-4011.

OC Transpo has improved its service greatly in the last few years. If you have a complaint (about lack of service or a change in service) send them a polite but firm letter. Also contact your city Councillor (phone the City of Ottawa for his/her name and phone number). Your Students' Association (231-4380) is lobbying for reduced fares for university students and/or other low income people. If this interests you, contact them.

#### **Business Office**

The Business Office (3rd Floor, Administration Building, 231-3762) is responsible for ID cards and, through Students Accounts Receivable, the collection of fee payments and fines. As well as collecting money, it hands some out: bursaries, scholar-

ships and student aid cheques. However, if you are working for the university (full or part time), consult Payroll (231-2656) about lost or disputed pay cheques.

Since money always matters, consult the *Calendar* for an explanation of tuition fee policies and procedures. If you still have questions, consult the Business Office as soon as possible.

If you lose your ID card, check the Library (231-2683) and Lost and Found (231-4360) first. If you cannot find it, the Business Office will issue a new one for \$2.00.

The Business Office also mails out income tax certificates (for tuition fees and full-time school attendance) to use when you file your income tax form. (See also "Income Tax".) They are mailed at the end of February, but only to students whose accounts are fully paid. If you owe the university money, you must go to the Business Office to discuss your account. Anyone who is graduating in January (or who will otherwise be at a new address), should contact the Business Office early (December wouldn't hurt) to leave a forwarding address.

Replacement tax certificates for past years are supplied on request. Give the computer some time to process a replacement form for past years or the current year if your originals are lost.

The Business Office charges a \$5.00 penalty for NSF cheques returned by your bank. The staff also lets the Faculty Registrars' Offices know if you are in debt to the university. If your account is delinquent, the university will seal your file. This means you will not receive marks or transcripts until the account is settled.

If you owe tuition fees, you may be deregistered. (See "Deregistration".) This does not mean that your debt disappears. After deregistration, you will still owe the balance payable on your fee assessment.

On occasion, you may want to dispute a fine. If so, remember that the Business Office only administers the billing for fines. You will probably have to go to the Library, Parking or wherever the fine originated, to clear up the matter.

The university is not an ogre. If you owe money (even tuition fees) which you cannot pay at once, visit the Business Office. Ask for Mr. McAdam who is in charge of student accounts. Usually something can be worked out. Also visit the Awards Office and investigate the financial aid possibilities.

Finally, to contact you about such things as delinquent fees (or even an incorrect fee assessment which might be in your favour), the Business Office needs to have your correct address. Make sure to up-date your phone number and address as soon as you plan to move. Change of address forms are available at your Faculty Registrar's Office.



#### CKCU - Radio Carleton 93.1 FM

Live, creative and alternative are the watchwords for the most interesting radio available in Ottawa. Broadcasting in stereo 24 hours a day, Radio Carleton (5th Floor, Unicentre, 23I-4498) has a power of I2,000 watts and a coverage area of 50 miles in every direction.

CKCU-FM is part of Carleton University that you can take home with you every night. Through music and spoken word programming, CKCU offers you an alternative look at our own Carleton community as well as the wider Ottawa community. Our programming is the most diverse available including traditional jazz and folk, blues, classics, rock of all varieties and ethnic music. The spoken word programmes are equally varied with shows on sports, the arts, women, international politics, science, ecology and more.

However, the programming is just the audible aspect of CKCU. Without the ideas and the creative spirit provided by over 130 volunteers, 93.1 FM would be just dead air. The staff at CKCU is composed primarily of Carleton students and professors from every faculty and school on campus. If you've been looking for a creative outlet, Radio Carleton can offer you training in the methods, skills and techniques of radio broadcasting in return for your time.

Radio Carleton is owned and operated by the students of Carleton, but because of the high cost of running an FM radio station, we depend upon our listeners for donated financial support. In 1979, Radio Carleton's listeners proved their loyalty by providing nearly 20% of the station's operating costs in a public donations drive. Students themselves contribute up to half of the operating budget through the Carleton University Students' Association.

Radio Carleton is located on the fifth floor of the University Centre. You are always welcome to come up and visit. Maybe you'll stay a while. (Submitted by CKCU.)

#### **CUSA Education and Research Office**

The Education and Research Office (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-7158 or 231-4380) is a focus for much of the community, educational and political work carried out by students on campus.

It serves as a research and organizing centre for student issues such as unemployment, access to post-secondary education, housing, tuition, cutbacks and many non-traditional issues such as nuclear energy and human rights.

The two full-time researchers, Barb Bailey and Randie Long, are involved in media relations between the Students' Association (which funds and operates the office) and groups such as the National Union of Students, the local Social Planning Council, Carleton's faculty and staff unions and other labour, community and political organizations.

The office provides resources and expertise to individual students and to student groups such as Carleton's Ontario Public Interest Research Group. It produces a weekly radio show, "Standing in Line", on CKCU-FM. It also publishes the annual Course Guide. (See "Publications.")

Students are invited to drop by the office between noon and 5 p.m. on weekdays. (Submitted by the Education and Research Office.)

#### Chaplaincy

Our purpose is to share with others experience, insights, friend-ships and our faith. We try to be available most times at T28, T30 Tory Tunnel (across from the Post Office) or Room I501 Arts Tower.

Study and discussion groups, community projects and development education, special speakers and seminars, marriage preparation, instruction in the faith, religious services and special events are also part of the scene. We welcome and appreciate interfaith dialogue and enquiry into any area of religious or ethical concern. We also have connections with organizations or resources which you may be looking for on campus, as well as with churches and religious groups in the Ottawa area.

A part of the campus ministry is found at Newman House, 1061 Bronson Place, where Michael, the Roman Catholic chaplain, lives, together with a few students. The house is open to all as a drop-in centre and can accommodate smaller groups who wish to meet there.

A new feature of the Chaplaincy operation is the addition of a quiet room next to George's office (T27). It is available all day most days for anyone who wishes to use it as a place to meditate, pray, think or simply be.

Our phone number at Carleton is 231-3646 (George) or 231-3673 (Michael). Home phone numbers are 722-9426 for George and 237-5616 for Michael. (Submitted by the Chaplaincy.)

#### Clubs

Each year, the Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380) sponsors dozens of clubs on campus. Some, like the Ham Radio Club (Room 502 Unicentre) and the Photography Club (Room 512 Unicentre) provide valuable equipment for student members who might otherwise not be able to afford it. Others, like the Awareness Club, provide mutual support and services for students who share a common interest or problem (in this case, physical handicaps). Still others, like the Carleton chapter of the Ontario Public Interest Research Group, unite students and the community around matters of general concern such as the environment, native rights and nuclear power. There are hobby clubs, political clubs, ethnic clubs and indeed almost every sort of club one can imagine.

All of these groups depend on you for their existence. Call the Students' Association (231-4380) to find out which are operating this year. If you have some special interest, not on the list, consider starting your own group. The Students' Association will provide help with publicity, organization and finances. The rest is up to you.

#### **Collection Agencies**

Do not let yourself be intimidated by a collection agency. Ontario agencies (but unfortunately not the in-house collection departments of large firms) are licensed and governed by legislation such as the Credit Reporting Act.

A collection agency has the right to contact you within reason by mail or phone. If you ask the agency to leave you alone or take you to court, it is under a legal obligation to do so. Phone calls, visits or letters after this point, or calls in the middle of the night or to your employer, or any other unreasonable activity should be reported at once to the provincial Ministry of Consumer and Commercial Relations (725-3679). An investigator will act on your complaint.

If you agree that you do owe the money, you may, of course, pay the agency. You are always entitled to negotiate the rate of repayment. Do so. Some agencies buy debts for a set amount; others get a percentage of what they collect. In either case litigation is an added expense in time and money. Make an offer of what you can (honestly) repay. If it is not accepted, put it in writing. If the debt is from a Canada Student Loan (the loan portion of many provincial student aid programmes) and the agency will not co-operate, call the Canada Student Loans people (994-1866) and your Member of Parliament.

If you are deeply in debt and want to dig yourself out, visit the Credit Counselling Service (187 Bay Street, Ottawa, 236-3637). If your debts seem likely to land you in court, get legal representation. (See "Legal Aid".)

#### **Consumer Information**

There are two things worth remembering about consumer law: nothing is ever free and the best protection you have is always yourself. Shop around before you buy, compare prices, ask questions and get any promises in writing. Call the Better Busi-

ness Bureau (237-4856) before you buy if you have doubts about the company, the salesperson or the product. In other words, know what you are getting.

By and large, the courts will enforce a contract made between two sane adults without coercion or fraud. It does not matter whether your agreement was in writing or whether you paid cash, by instalments or charged it. Every time you make a purchase, get something repaired or use a service, you are making a legally enforceable consumer contract by which both parties are bound. A decision on refund or exchange policy is strictly up to the seller. Unless the goods are defective, the seller is not bound by law to offer a refund so check the store's policy.

A number of statutes in Ontario protect consumers, including the provincial Consumer Protection Act and the federal Combines Investigation Act. If you end up in court, get legal advice first. (See "Legal Aid".) Also contact the Consumer Protection Bureau (Ontario Ministry of Consumer and Consumer Relations) at 725-3679 and the federal office of Consumer and Corporate Affairs at 995-0853. For general information, try the Consumers' Association of Canada at 238-4840.

Although we cannot provide a list of all your obligations and rights under consumer laws, you basically do have the right to a refund where the seller either makes a false representation about the product or tries to take advantage of you as a buyer. Implied in the seller's side of the bargain are the following obligations: to offer good title to the goods sold; to tell you if the goods you buy are not new; to sell a product usable for the purposes for which you want it if these are "normal puposes" or if special assurance was given; to sell goods which are "merchantable" or whose defects, if any, have been described clearly; and to maintain any other warranty or conditions expressly agreed upon by the two parties.

Get agreements in writing and keep records and receipts of your transactions. Watch out for high-pressure selling tactics which may be legal but confusing or deceptive. Finally, door to door salespeople must be licensed. If you sign a contract worth over \$50 with a door-to-door seller, you have 48 hours to cancel the contract by registered mail. Be cautious. A reputable seller will be willing to come back after you check out his/her registration.

#### **Continuing Education**

Continuing Education, (302 Administraion Building, 231-6660) is the place for Special Students to go for course changes, applications for deferred or supplemental exams, review of grades, withdrawing, name and address changes and other "registrarial transactions". Special students are those registered in credit courses without being admitted into a degree programme.

Continuing Education does not make final academic decisions or evaluations of previous academic experience (for the latter see the Admissions Office, 407 Administration Building 231-3730). However, it does provide valuable counselling and advice and help with appeals. The Registrar is Keith Alnwick.

This office, by the way, is open in the evening from Monday to Thursday in addition to regular office business hours. Drop in between 6:30 and 8:30 in the evening.

#### Counselling and Advice

This book is really about advice: where to get it, how to evaluate it, and how to make sure you have enough facts to make the decision that is best for you. Since every large institution can sometimes become impersonal, over-regulated and "bureaucratized", Carleton (which is no exception) has a number of advisory services to help you sort things out.

If you read nothing else in this book, take a look at the list below. Use it, if you have a chance. Many probems can be solved when they arise, but we could all save time and trouble by getting good advice and avoiding problems from the beginning.

 Academic Advice For rules and regulations, start by reading the Undergraduate Calendar. Then visit your Faculty Registrar's Office (see "Registrars' Offices") and the undergraduate advisor or chairperson in your department. It is really quite crucial that you avoid an academic mess. When you make a major decision, especially if it is an unusual one, try to get permission in writing. According to the Calendar this year, a routine signature at registration does not constitute special exemption from a rule. Be careful to ask for permission, or advice, expicitly and from those who have the authority to grant it. Remember, too, that no one may tell you that you have too many failures or course replacements until you have made yourself ineligible to re-register. No one may remind you which courses are required, until you find out that you cannot graduate just yet. It is very much up to you to go out and get the information yourself. If you have an unusual problem, or if it becomes necessary to appeal a university decision, try the Office of the Ombudsman (231-6717) in addition to getting advice from a counsellor or registrar in your Registrar's Office.

If you have more general concerns (e.g. what job you want in the long run, what your skills and interest may be, and what kind of degree programme would be best for you), try University Counselling Services (1201 Arts Tower, 231-4408). Seminars, a testing programme and reference materials are available.

• Advice on Courses Advice on specific courses is provided in the *Course Evaluation Guide* published by the Students' Association (231-4380). Also visit the department or school in which the course is offered.

If you have trouble with a course once you are enrolled, talk to the instructor first. If s/he cannot help, try the teaching assistant, a graduate student, or another professor in the department. The English and Math departments operate special tutorial services open to all registered students. (See "Study Skills".) Often you can learn a lot by getting together with other students in the course to share notes, discuss essays or assignments, or work together (as long as you avoid cheating or plagiarism, of course). If you feel you cannot cope, consider withdrawing but try to do so before the final dates for withdrawal. Visit the Registrar's Office in your faculty for advice on the academic implications, and the Business Office (231-3762) and the Awards Office (231-3735) for the financial implications of withdrawing from one or more courses.

• Personal Counselling On campus, you can try Health Services (231-2755), Peer Counselling (231-7476) or University Counselling (231-4408) for someone to talk to about feelings

and relationships. These services are all described elsewhere in *Survival*; which you choose will depend on where you feel most comfortable. Remember that we all need this sort of help sometimes. The real problems arise for those of us who postpone it for too long.

• Appeals and Legal Advice At Carleton, the best place to start is with the Office of the Ombudsman (23I-67I7). We can help if you have a dispute with the university (about marks, academic rules, fines, administrative regulations and so on). For outside legal problems, we provide referrals and para-legal help. (See also "Academic Appeals", "Judicial System", and "Legal Aid".)

• Financial Advice For information on student aid, visit the Awards Office (231-3735). As well as OSAP and the other provincial student aid plans, emergency money may be available from Carleton in small amounts on a short-term basis. Call the Students' Association (231-4380) about budgeting workshops planned for this year. If you are a graduate student, visit the Faculty of Graduate Studies (231-4403) which administers awards and bursaries and the Graduate Students' Association (231-4347 or 231-4380) which may have a small loan fund.

• **Miscellaneous** Try the Housing Office (231-6395) for lists of rooms to rent or acommodation to share, as well as information on Residence. Health Services (231-2755) provides professional medical help including nurses, doctors, psychiatrists and a small dispensary. During off-hours, emergency medical help can be obtained by calling the After Hours Health Services in Glengarry House (231-3844). For job information, try the Canada Employment Centre (231-2600). The Students' Association (231-4380) may also have jobs available.

#### **Course Changes**

You are not bound to remain in any course for which you have registered. However there are strict deadlines (September 19th for full courses and first term half courses and January 16th for second term half courses.) After these dates, you may still drop courses (see "Withdrawing") but you will not be able to register in an alternative course until the next term unless you can show that "exceptional circumstances" are involved.

Late in September or early in October, you should receive in the mail a form called "confirmation of registration". Read it carefully. If it contains any errors, get in touch with your Registrar's Office right away. Otherwise, you could end up with a record of a failure in a course you never attended and no recorded grade for the course you did attend.

Finally, if you consider switching courses, make an appointment to see the appropriate advisor in your department, school or institute. She should be able to tell you if the course is acceptable for your degree programme. If you are doing something unusual (e.g. taking a course from a very different faculty or one which may overlap with another course you have already taken), you may want to get this special permission in writing.

#### **Course Load**

Students at Carleton usually find themselves in one of three categories. First, there are Special students, i.e. students who

have not yet been admitted into a degree programme. Special students are usually restricted to a course load of one-half to two credits in an academic session. In some circumstances, you may be allowed to register in three credits in the winter term but you need special permission from Continuing Education and, usually, at least a C average in two previous full courses (or equivalent).

The next major category is that of Degree student (which means that you have been admitted to a specific degree programme in one of the faculties). A degree programme student may be studying either full or part time.

For the purposes of fee assessment, a full-time student is one who is registered in four or more full courses (or equivalent). The normal course load for Engineering, Architecture and Industrial Design is six full credits. In Science, Social Science and Arts, the normal course load is five full credits. Special approval from your Faculty Registrar's Office is needed to exceed this number.

The various student aid plans (e.g. OSAP), the Carleton scholarship programme and Residence all have different specific definitions of full time course load. Check with the Awards Office (231-3735) for the former and the Housing Office (231-6395) for the latter before you decide to switch.

In some situations (for the purposes of academic progress), you may find it to your benefit to switch from full-time to part-time status (or the reverse). Especially if you are, for example, in first year and not yet on the course credit system or on academic probation, make sure you find out how a change in status will affect you.

#### **Course Selection**

By the time you receive *Survival*, you should have been sent information about various programmes in each faculty to help new students in course selection and registration. If not, you might want to get in touch with your Faculty Registrar's Office. The Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences, because of it size, has the most elaborate programme. If you plan to register in Arts or Social Sciences, their Summer Advisory Service (231-7188) will assist you in designing a programme (if you are a non-major) or arrange counselling for you in your department (if you have already picked a major or honours department).

Your choice of courses in some schools or departments will be limited. Check very carefully in the *Calendar* for rules governing course selection, prerequisites and other restrictions. If you are signed into the wrong course at registration by error, you may find that your credit will not be applied towards your degree.

Finally, the Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380) publishes an annual *Course Guide* based on student evaluations and professors' responses in the previous year. It covers most courses open to first year students and comes highly recommended. Take a look at what it has to say.

#### **Credit Unions**

A credit union is basically a co-operative form of banking establishment. Users become shareholders and profits are ploughed

back into the credit union, permitting lower rates for members who need a loan. Good financial advice and help in budgeting are side benefits. The Ottawa Credit Union is located at 222 Somerset Street West (235-4335). There are other credit unions around, as well, including the Women's Credit Union (233-7711) which hopes to be open by this fall. There are also Caisse Populaires (several branches in Ottawa and Vanier as well as in Hull).

Over the past few years, there has been a campaign to encourage people to remove their savings from the major chartered banks until the banks agree to stop investing in South Africa. If this happens to be of concern to you, you may want to consider a credit union as an alternative.



#### **Daycare**

There is a Day Care Centre on campus with facilities in the Loeb Building and in Renfrew House. The Centre is open 12 months a year. Children are accepted at the age of 6 months and must leave at the end of the month in which they become three. Priority for admission is given to the children of students, staff and faculty members of Carleton. Vacancies after that are opened to the public. The programme is developmental, suited to the individual needs of the children. Staff are trained, or in training, in Early Childhood Education, Mothercraft or equivalent. Parents form the Executive Committee which is responsible for policy decisions and monitoring of the Centre's finances.

Fees are prepaid on a monthly basis. A subsidy is available from the Regional Municipality for families who qualify. As there is a waiting list for September admission, you should send in your application as early as possible.

For information about the Renfrew House Centre (6 to 24

months) call 231-5521; for the Loeb Centre (24 to 36 months), call the supervisor, Margot Henderson, at 231-6312. (Submitted by the Day Care Centre.)

#### **Deferred Exams and Assignments**

If you find yourself in traction the day before your final exam or if serious illness, death, or some other major calamity is affecting you or your family, you may apply formally for a deferred exam or assignment. Contact your Faculty Registrar's Office either before or within a week after the exam date. Although documentation will be required in such circumstances (e.g. a letter from your doctor), there should be no difficulty in deferring an exam or a final deadline for assignments.

These extensions are available in really serious "special circumstances". It is possible that individual instructors will take pity on your problem (too much work, minor illness, breaking up with the love of your life or whatever) and be willing to permit informal extensions. It usually helps if you have been a reasonably good student and have attended classes. Note that they are under no obligation to do so and, in fact, deferring a scheduled final exam or arranging to hand in an assignment beyond December 5 (for first term half courses) or April 16 (for full courses and second term half courses) is technically impossible unless the appropriate Registrar's Office and/or appeals committee approves.

Some professors (not without good reason) are adamant about deadlines and insist on academic penalties if you miss them. Usually they will make this clear (in writing) at the beginning of the year. If they haven't, find out how they feel about the matter. Avoid panic. Remember, it never hurts to ask. The worst that can happen is that the instructor will refuse.

#### **Deregistration**

The final payment of your tuition fees should be made by January 15th. In February, the university will begin to "exercise its right to cancel registration" for students with fees outstanding. Letters mailed in January should inform you that this is happening. Sometimes, of course, clerical errors interrupt the process: you may find yourself owing no more than a library fine or a parking ticket. Don't ignore the letters, however. Phone or visit the Business Office (Room 301 Administration Building, 231-3762). Emergency loans are available for students in financial difficulty.

Deregistration is not an alternative to withdrawing formally. If you do not want to finish the school year, withdraw through your Registrar's Office. (See "Withdrawing".) Otherwise, you may find yourself deregistered, in debt to the university, your transcript frozen and/or some unwanted grades of ABS.

#### **Distress Centre of Ottawa**

The Ottawa Distress Centre (238-3311) is open 24 hours a day to listen to any sort of problem. The service is confidential. It is provided by trained volunteers supervised by a small professional staff.



#### **Employment**

If you are looking for a summer job or part-time work, take a look at the article on "Jobs". However, if you are looking for a full-time job, try the following.

The federal department of Employment and Immigration runs a Canada Employment Centre on campus (Room 508 Unicentre, 231-2600 or 996-9590). Job opportunities are listed on the Centre's employment boards all year. It is a good idea to start your job hunting here first.

In the fall, the Centre co-ordinates the On Campus Recruitment Program. Over 100 local, national and multinational businesses and all levels of government visit Carleton to recruit students in their graduating year for permanent professional jobs. Incorporated into this every year is the federal government's Post-Secondary Recruitment Program. Since recruiting begins very early in October, you should visit the Centre as soon as you get to Carleton in the fall or late summer.

It helps to think ahead even if you are not graduating this year. Investigate the summer employment opportunities available through on-campus recruiting. Aside from having a degree, it is always an asset to have had good previous experience.

The Centre also provides counselling to help you identify possible employers, write a persuasive résumé, and deal with the interview procedures. University Counselling can also assist you with more generalized career counselling. (See "University Counselling Services".)

It pays to be assertive. The Employment Centre, for example, will help you write a detailed, understandable résumé but, of course, you have to ask them first. For speculative purposes, send this résumé to prospective employers even if they are not

recruiting specifically on campus. The Centre can give you names and addresses of such possible employers.

Start early. Check the Centre's Weekly Bulletin for recruiters on campus. If you get an interview, do some research on the company or association first. If you know nothing about it (and know no one else who does), phone the prospective employer directly and ask for a job description. Be confident (but not brash) at interviews. Above all, do not take rejection personally.

Finally, if you have little or no work experience related to the kind of job you are looking for, consider hunting out a careeroriented part-time or summer job or even volunteer work. (See "Jobs".)

#### **Exam Regulations**

The penalties for breaking exam rules are severe even if you had no intention of cheating.

If you find yourself panicking before you get to an exam, talk to your instructor or a counsellor. It may help. When you get to an exam, don't sit with friends. Don't communicate with any one but the proctors. Don't carry notes, books or papers to your seat.

All this, and related details, are spelled out on the back of your official exam booklet.

If you are suspected of cheating or breaking exam rules, you will be asked to attend an "interview" with the Dean of your Faculty. Penalties may run from failure to suspension. The Office of The Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717) can and will represent you.

#### **Exams**

Exams are graded from A to FNS (Failure no Supplemental) and each grade has a corresponding numerical value to a maximum of 12. The numerical scales are basically an administrative convenience used to calculate averages. The mark ABS (Absent) is assigned if you fail to write the final exam or to otherwise complete all the course work. Essentially an ABS is considered a failure. (See also "Deregistration".)

If you miss an exam and have a reasonable excuse, see your instructor and your Faculty Registrar's Office immediately. You may be able to arrange an informal extension or a deferred exam. (See "Deferred Exams and Assignments".)

Supplemental exams are also available – sometimes. (See "Supplemental Exams".) Definitely read the relevant sections of the 1980-81 *Calendar*. Then check with your Faculty Registrar's Office to find out what choices are best for you.

#### **Expenses and Budgeting**

It costs money to attend university. Try to ensure that you have enough before you enrol. The following breakdown of estimated costs gives you a rough idea of how much "study money" you will need. For information on student aid, loans and bursaries, contact the Awards office (Room 202 Administration Building, 231-3735).

- **Tuition fees** range from \$933 to \$1,000 depending on your programme. (See the *University Calendar* for details.)
- **Books and equipment** will cost a minimum of \$300 depending on your programme. Engineering students should budget \$525; Architecture students at least \$825.
- **Rent and board,** if you live off-campus for eight months, may cost about \$2,000. A private apartment would cost more; shared accommodation in a Co-op and careful food shopping may cost less. Of course, if you live with parents or relatives, this item may be lower or even non-existent.
- **Local transportation** will depend on the distance you travel to Carleton each day. A basic bus pass costs \$18 a month or \$144 over the school year. (See "Bus Transportation".)
- **Recreation and entertainment** costs depend entirely on the individual; budget at least \$200.
- Laundry and clothing should cost at least \$150.
- **Return trips home** depend entirely on where your parents live and how often you visit.
- Miscellaneous expenditures, such as stamps, stationery, toiletries, medical supplies and bought lunches will total at least \$150.

In general, the budget for an Arts or Science student living on campus can be \$4,000 or more for the school year. To meet these costs, you may need help. In addition to careful budgeting, savings from summer and part-time jobs and help from your parents or spouse, you should apply for student aid through the Awards Office.

Finally, the Awards Office and the Students' Association's Education Office are planning to run a series of budget counselling workshops in the Fall. Especially if you will be away from home for the first time, these informal sessions may help prevent the "empty pocket" syndrome next March. For details, call 231-4380.



#### Fee Refunds

Under "Consumer Information", you may have noticed that a seller is never under an obligation to offer a refund unless the goods are faulty or there is misrepresentation involved. This is true if you purchase a service (such as an instructional programme) as well as if you purchase a physical object of some sort.

Carleton's policy on refunds is more generous than the minimal requirements of the law. If you want to withdraw from your programme, you may be eligible for a refund. To avoid unpleasant surprises, however, it makes sense to read the relevant sections of the *Calendar* (especially page 41 and pages 46–49).

Note, for example, that full-time student fees are charged for anything between four and six courses. Do not expect a refund unless the course (or courses) you are dropping will change your status. Secondly, fee refunds are pro-rated over a given number of weeks. This means that the amount of your refund will decline with the passage of time. In addition, part of your fees (a registration fee and what is called your "miscellaneous fees") are not refundable. In any case, there are strict deadlines after which you cannot expect a refund (or even withdraw at all unless you can present a special reason such as illness or the like). The deadlines (on pages 10–12) of the *Calendar*) are: November 14 (first term half courses), February 20 (full courses), and March 20 (second term full and half courses).

What does all this mean to an individual? Well, for example, assume that you are a full-time Arts student who paid half your \$933 fees in September: You withdraw officially just after Christmas and now you figure you do not owe any more money. The reality is that you probably do.

A full-time student who withdraws before September 19 is charged \$50. A part-time student would be charged \$5 per half course. After September 19, a student would owe both this registration fee plus the full amount of "miscellaneous fees" (\$120 for a full-time student or \$23.50 per full credit course for part-time students). The remainder (\$763.00 for our full-time Arts students) is pro-rated for refund over the remaining weeks. This does not mean all the weeks from September to May. Rather, the refund is pro-rated from September 8 to February 20, which is the last day for withdrawing from a full course without academic penalty. In other words, the amount of a refund is reduced, for the full-time Arts student, by about \$30 a week. The Arts student who withdraws after 16 weeks, probably owes the university tuition fees even though she paid half of those fees in September.

Please check the description of fees and refunds in the *Calendar*. Discuss the exact figures in your case with the Business Office. Do not guess. Do not accept anyone else's opinion. The Business Office staff are the experts here. You can find them in Room 301 Administration Building (231-3762). The person in charge of Student Accounts is Sam McAdam.

#### Financial Aid

The following is a brief list of what financial aid is available. For detailed information and application forms, get in touch with the Awards Office (Room 202 Administration Building, 231-3735).

• Entrance Scholarships Carleton offers scholarships, tenable at the university, to students entering as full-time undergraduates with Ontario Secondary School Honour Graduation Diplomas (or equivalent) and high potential for university studies. These include Senior Scholarships, General Entrance Scholarships and privately funded scholarships. They are awarded on the basis of academic standing and scholastic aptitude. They are continuing awards, for not more than four years, but you must maintain a high academic standing and be registered full-time in the Winter session. (See the Awards Office before you drop any courses.)

Winter session values are \$1,500, \$1,200 or \$900 for first and succeeding years. Spring term scholarships are \$500, \$400 or \$300.

All students are equally eligible (depending on academic standing, of course) regardless of whether Carleton was your first, second or third choice for admission.

Graduate students should contact Graduate Studies (Room 215 Paterson Hall, 231-4403) for details on Graduate Awards.

• **Bursaries** Bursaries are non-repayable and awarded after registration to students who can prove genuine financial need and who have reasonable academic standing. Ontario and Quebec residents are required to apply for provincial loans and grants first. Complete the application form and arrange an interview with the Awards or Assistant Awards Officer.

• Student Loans Ontario residents can apply for OSAP (the Ontario Student Assistance Program) which is made up of Ontario Study Grant, Canada Student Loan, Ontario Student Loan and Ontario Special Bursary. The loan component is usually guaranteed by the federal government. Repayment begins six

months after you stop being a full-time student. Last year, 35% of Carleton's full-time students relied on OSAP; the average loan and bursary was \$2,270.

A basic premise of OSAP is that it supplements, rather than replaces, your own financial resources and those of your family. Your spouse or parents are expected to contribute (and disclose their actual income) and you are expected to save from summer jobs. If unemployed or under-employed in the summer, see the Awards Officer about an appeal, but keep track of all your applications and job hunts.

A leaflet with your application explains how your "needs" are assessed. Request this form from the Awards Office or the Ministry of Colleges and Universities, Mowat Block, Queen's Park, Toronto, Ontario, M7A IC6.

Don't wait until you are accepted at Carleton to apply. If you decide to register elsewhere, cancel your application and submit a new form to the new institution.

- Application Deadlines Apply as early as possible. To ensure you are assessed before September, send your completed application to the Awards Office by June 15. The absolute deadline is February 28, but as the applications sometimes take two months to process, don't wait until then. If you haven't applied before you arrive in September, make your first stop at the Awards Office.
- Other Provinces If you are not from Ontario or Québec, you may be eligible for loans and grants from your home province. For purposes of student aid, this is usually the province where your parents currently live or, if you are an "independent" student, the province in which you have most recently lived and worked for 12 consecutive months outside of full-time attendance at a post-secondary institution.

Québec residents may be eligible for student aid from the Québec Student Loans and Bursaries Service, Department of Education, Québec City, Québec. The application deadline is September 30. Apply early, i.e. before July 15. Get the forms directly from Québec. All applications must be stamped officially by the Awards Office. A booklet with your application describes details.

- International Students Students from other countries, who are on student visas, are not eligible for any government aid. (You must have Permanent Resident status and meet residency requirements.) You must have enough money before being issued the visa in your home country. However, if you run into unexpected expenses at Carleton, you may be eligible for modest amounts of aid from the bursary funds. Graduate Studies may be able to help you if you are a graduate student.
- Carleton University Emergency Loans If, after registration, you run into unexpected expenses or your student aid is delayed, you may be able to borrow temporarily from Carleton's emergency loan fund. To apply, arrange an interview with the Awards or Assistant Awards Officer. Graduate students may get some help from Graduate Studies (231-4403) or from the Graduate Students' Association (231-4347.)
- Part-time Students Most provincial student aid programmes are open only to full-time students (registered in three or more courses). If you are an Ontario resident, however, you may be eligible for some parts of OSAP aid. For information and

application forms, contact the Awards or Assistant Awards Officer. Have a personal interview if you can. (Submitted by the Awards Office.)

#### **Food Services**

Cafeterias on campus are located in three buildings: the Loeb Building, the Unicentre and the Residence Commons. As well, there are banks of vending machines at various locations around campus, where you can get beverages and snacks.

The Housing and Food Services Department (231-6395) monitors the performance of the various food service contractors around campus. The department is interested in any observations, complaints or compliments you may have about food services.

To help off-campus students, the Housing Department has a variety of meal plans or "cash commitment script coupons" (at a discount) which enable participation in food programmes similar to those offered to Residence students. If you cannot cook where you are living (or do not want to bother), these plans may suit your needs.

Housing and Food Services tries to offer the best possible food at the lowest possible cost to students. In these days of high inflation in food costs, this goal can only be achieved with the help of students themselves. Get involved, speak up and participate in the planning of food services. (Submitted by Housing and Food Services.)



#### **Grades**

When you register, you will give Carleton two addresses (if you choose to do so): a home address and a local address in Ottawa. Grades, at different times, will be mailed to either of the two addresses.

Winter session final grades are mailed to your home address in the first week of June as are summer session grades in the first week of September. Your grades from first term half courses in the winter session, however, are mailed to your local Ottawa address in January. If you do not want your home address used, for any reason, tell your Faculty Registrar's Office as soon as possible.

If you are unhappy with your statement of marks, check first with your instructor. If you want to pursue a formal review of grades, you should apply in writing to your Faculty Registrar's Office within 14 days of the final release of the results. If you are out of town, write to them. If you cannot find your instructor, write to your Registrar's Office as well. If you keep copies of your letter (and send it by registered mail), everyone will know you started procedures on time even if they can't be finished until next term. Remember, however, that a review of grades can result in a lower mark. (See "Appeals".)

Grades are usually posted in your department by student number before they are mailed. The earlier you get a look at the list, the earlier you can begin considering whether or not you want a review of grades.

Clerical errors can occur and substantive errors in grading are possible. See your instructor informally first. At least you may understand better why you didn't do as well as you thought you might.

#### **Graduate Students**

There are about 1760 full and part-time graduate students at Carleton. Their conditions of study are governed by the *Graduate Calendar 1980–81*. This is where to start in checking out rules and regulations. If your problems become complicated or if the rules seem unclear, phone or visit the Faculty of Graduate Studies (Room 215 Paterson Hall, 231-4403). The Dean is Professor Amberg. The Associate Dean is Professor Laird.

Graduate students (and those in fourth year Honours) are entitled to a 4 week loan period from the library. Make sure you receive a specially marked borrower label for your ID card at the circulation desk. The library is computerized but the machinery is not hooked up with your academic records in any way. To avoid fines later, bring your registration contract to the library when you get your sticker and specify that you want the extra borrowing weeks. As a graduate student, you may also ask for a letter of introduction at the Circulation Desk which will entitle you to borrowing privileges at the University of Ottawa.

Graduate Studies operates a special emergency bursary fund. The fund is extremely limited, but if you are badly strapped financially, they may be able to help. There is also a small loan fund run by the Graduate Students' Association (Room 511A Unicentre, 231-4347 or 231-4380) and an emergency loan fund in the Awards Office (231-3735).

Finally, graduate students who are here on student visas should be aware that the "grandparent clause", which may have protected some of you from paying the full foreign student fee in the past, has expired. You will probably (unless you fall into some very special categories) be faced with the full differential (higher) fee in September.

#### **Graduate Students' Association**

Carleton's graduate students are members of the Graduate Students' Association, (Room 511A Unicentre, 231-4347). The GSA is active on several levels: within the university, within provincial and national student federations (Ontario Graduate Association, National Union of Students) and plans to become active within the Ottawa-Hull community. In addition, the GSA seeks to stimulate activities within the graduate community and at the departmental level.

The Executive of the GSA is elected in the Spring term, but the Council, with representatives from each department, is not elected until the fall. All departments are entitled to representation. Those departments having over 25 full-time graduate students may have two representatives.

The GSA also runs Mike's Place, a graduate student lounge, located in the Unicentre. (Submitted by the Graduate Students' Association.)

#### Graduation

It may seem very far away when we're first year students, but graduation is one of those things that creep up on us.

Remember that in order to graduate you must apply formally to do so. It isn't an automatic consequence of finishing your

final course. It is up to you to inform your Faculty Registrar's Office of your intention to graduate.

The deadlines for 1980-81 are: December I (for winter graduation in February) or February I (for spring graduation in June) or September 2 (for fall graduation in November). If it is important for you to graduate on time, it is useful to ask the advisor in your department to check over your whole programme in September. Otherwise, you may get a nasty surprise in the following spring.



#### Ham Radio Club

The Students' Association sponsors a Ham Radio Club (Room 502 Unicentre) with all the equipment and instructional help necessary to learn about or operate ham radios. For information about the club, phone or visit the Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380).

#### Health Insurance

The Ontario Health Insurance Plan (OHIP) is the basic health insurance available to Ontario residents.

Applications for non-group enrolment may be picked up at Health Services, 6th Floor Unicentre. If you are turning 21 this year, you must apply for your own OHIP number. If you apply at least 30 days before your birthday, you should have continuous coverage. However, if you apply during the month of your birthday, you may have a 3 month wait.

International students who apply for OHIP within the first three months after their arrival will receive coverage effective the first month after application. When applying after 3 months, there will be a 3 month waiting period. If you are over 21 and have been a resident of Ontario for the past 12 months and your finances are limited, you may be eligible for Premium Assistance. International students may also be eligible. Fill out an application as early as you can. If your yearly income is below the taxable level, you will be eligible. Applications and more information can be obtained from:

Health Services 6th Floor, University Centre 231-2755 or Ontario Health Insurance Plan 75 Albert Street

237-9100

OHIP premiums are paid quarterly: \$60 single and \$120 per family. Nearly 20% of Ontario doctors will charge you more than OHIP rates, so shop around or use Health Services or a community clinic. Your elected Minister of Health is Dennis Timbrell (10th Floor Hepburn Block, 80 Grosvenor Street, Toronto). By all means, let him know how you feel about deteriorating OHIP coverage.

#### **Health Services**

Health Services (Sixth Floor Unicentre, 231-2755) provides comprehensive medical care for the university community, including students who live off campus as well as those in Residence. The goal of Health Services is to ensure that you benefit totally from your experience at Carleton.

Please drop by if you need medical care and/or information. It is important to seek help promptly whenever you have physical or emotional health problems. Waiting to see if it will go away often leads to unnecessarily missed classes, trouble in concentrating on school work, or a worsening of problems which could otherwise have been resolved.

Although it is useful to phone ahead for an appointment, it is almost always possible to walk into the Health Services clinic and get help at once. Confidentiality is strictly observed. No information is released unless requested by the person concerned.

Health Services is open from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. every weekday. Physicians and nurses are available to advise you about and treat almost every medical requirement. The services available include treatment of illness, preventive health counselling, birth control, counselling and referral for abortions or care in pregnancy, diagnosis and treatment of venereal disease, allergy shots, immunization and referral to specialists as needed. The clinic atmosphere is usually supportive. Not least, you can find a "shoulder to cry on" and a sympathetic voice.

If at any time you want to talk to someone about personal difficulties, a staff of competent psychiatrists is available for consultation and treatment. The general number is 231-7488. For appointments, call 231-2755.

Finally, from September I to April 30, After Hours Health Care Services (Room 226, Glengarry House, 231-3844) is available if you are ill. A nurse is in attendance from 5:00 p.m. to 9:00 a.m. Monday to Friday and 24 hours a day on weekends. Doctors are on call for any student who needs immediate medical

help. Beds are available for people who need observation for a few hours or overnight.

The After Hours Health Services is located in Residence but it is operated for all Carleton students. Please feel free to use it. (Submitted by Health Services.)

#### **Housing Office**

To assist those students who are unable or who do not wish to obtain on-campus accommodation, the Housing and Food Services Department maintains a service where interested landlords can list available accommodation. These listings are posted in the area of the Housing and Food Services Department office and are accessible 24 hours a day.

During normal office hours, staff of the department are available to offer advice and information about off-campus accommodation.

It is essential to remember that the service cannot provide a print-out listing of available accommodation. Information can only be obtained from the Listing Board. The service does not include the inspection of the listed accommodation. It is the responsibility of the individual to view the accommodation and to come to his/her arrangements with the landlord.

• Summer Housing If you have never been to Carleton, and feel that you want to get to know your future surroundings before the start of the academic year, it may be possible to obtain overnight accommodation in the residence at reasonable rates during the summer. The best time to obtain such accommodation is between July I and August I5. Reservations are strongly recommended. Contact the Conference Manager in care of the Housing and Food Services Department, Carleton University, Room 223-225, Commons Building, I233 Colonel By Drive, Ottawa, Ontario, KIS 6B7 (231-5510). (Submitted by Housing and Food Services.)



#### **Income Tax**

Income tax returns, tables and guides are available at any post office, including the one on campus. For detailed information, special forms (e.g. the TI-M Moving Expenses Form), and explanatory pamphlets (such as "Income Tax and the Student"), phone or visit the Ottawa District Tax Office (360 Lisgar Street, 996-8340). For information about Québec provincial taxes, call or visit the provincial revenue people (170 Hotel de Ville, Hull, 770-1768).

It can be to your benefit to file even if you have no taxable income, since you may be eligible for Ontario tax credits. The credits are "real money" returned to you, rather than deductions from your taxable income. Unfortunately, people on student visas are probably ineligible. For information dial the operator and ask for Zenith 8200.

By the end of February, Carleton will have mailed your tuition and education deduction forms, T4A's (bursaries) and T4's (earnings including assistantships). If you do not receive yours in early March, call the Business Office (231-3762).

Finally, if you encounter any problems, call the Office of the Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717) for information and advice.

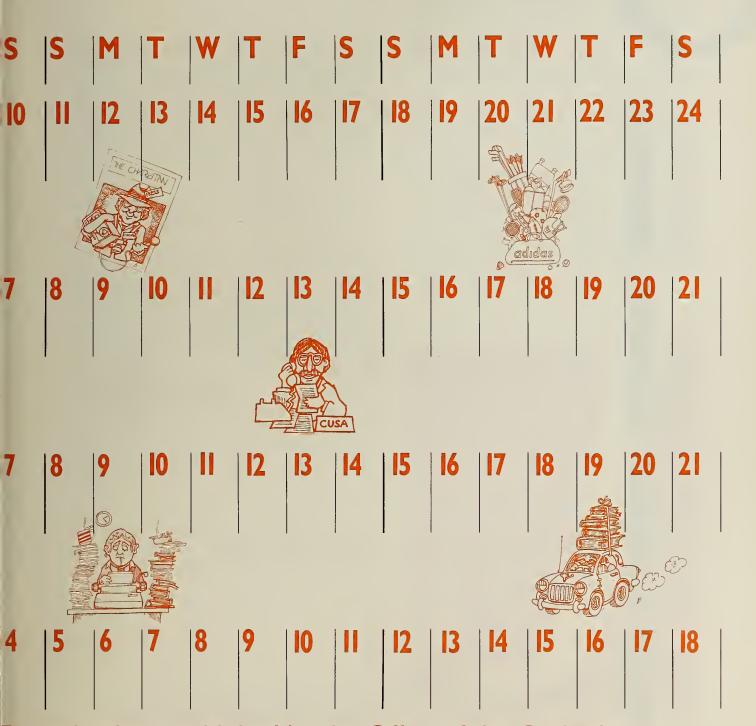
#### Information

We think we are paraphrasing Dr. Johnson, or someone equally illustrious, when we say that what matters most is not what you know but whether you know how to get information quickly when you need it.



calendar is published by the Office of the Ombudsman, Unicentre, Carleton University 231-6717

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January	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	4	5	6	7	8	9
February	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4 500 RW	5	6
March	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	4	5	6
April	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	3



This calendar is published by the Office of the Ombudsman, 511 Unicentre, Carleton University 231-6717

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December	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	<b>1</b> 29	30	31	4	TI 5

Two reliable sources of information at Carleton are:
Information Carleton
4th Floor Unicentre
231-7177
and
Information Office
605 Administration Building
231-3600

Information Carleton, staffed by students and run by the Information Office, is especially useful. The staff can tell you about exam schedules, entertainment in the pub, special events, or regular services on campus and where to go for the answers to more serious questions. Information Carleton also provides some off-campus information (for example on the National Arts Centre and other entertainment events) and is the drop-off for all sorts of flyers and publications including many of those listed under "Publications" in *Survival*.

Across the hall from Information Carleton is a free telephone (no long distance calls of course) and a Rides Board. Check the board if you are looking for a passenger or a car to cut travelling expenses.

Finally, the downtown Community Information Centre (377 Rideau Street, 238-2101) is worth a call for information about agencies and organizations in the Ottawa area including health, legal, educational counselling, recreational and social services. We have used them for everything from information on where to get a birth certificate or how to get rid of a dead cat, to the distance in kilometres between Ottawa and Toronto. (See also "Counselling and Advice" and "Publications".)

#### **International Students**

University Counselling Services (Room 1201 Arts Tower, 231-3724) runs an advisory service for international students. Drop by for current information on immigration law and policy, on resources and services available, or to discuss matters of special concern. Bernadette Landry is the foreign student advisor.

If you have questions about the law, you may also try the Office of the Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717).

Student visa holders should adhere very carefully to the conditions stated on your "student authorization". The rules governing your stay in Canada are interpreted quite strictly by the federal government. For example, your authorization is valid ony for study at a particular institution (university, college, etc.) and thus, if you plan to change universities, make sure you contact Immigration (995-8131) well beforehand to have your visa changed. If you wait until you have registered at the new institution, you are technically contravening the conditions of your visa and you could be asked to leave the country.

Your student visa does not entitle you to work in Canada. The definition of "work" is quite wide and includes payment in kind (e.g. free room or board) or even work for which you are not paid at all but which a Canadian citizen or landed immigrant (permanent resident) would otherwise be doing for pay. Also prohibited are any jobs at the university, including marking or researching (for pay) or the teaching/research assistantship com-

ponent of a graduate student's award unless you have a work permit.

In practice, you will be able to get a work authorization or permit for a University assistantship or for research or marking at Carleton without much trouble but you must get the permit from Immigration before you begin to work – not afterwards. For other kinds of jobs, the difficulty is greater since you must prove that there is no eligible Canadian or landed immigrant (permanent resident) to do the same work. If you have a very specialized skill, however, this may be worth-attempting.

If you think you may be inadvertently contravening the conditions of your visa, try to act on it at once. The Office of the Ombudsman will be able to help you. More often than not, Immigration officials are quite sympathetic to someone in good faith who discovers s/he has contravened the rules out of confusion, error or ignorance. Your good faith is best demonstrated by acting fairly quickly and directly and often you may save yourself worry or further problems.

In case any Canadian students have read this far and wonder who the government thinks we're being protected against, contact your Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380) or your MP or the Minister of External Affairs to express your concerns. After all, you yourself may want to study in a foreign country one day.



#### Jobs

Part-time and summer jobs are necessary, of course, to help most students pay their way through school. They are also handy in the pursuit of good permanent employment after you graduate. (See "Employment".) If you are looking for a summer or part-time job, try the following.

The Canada Employment Centre (Room 508 Unicentre, 231-2600 or 996-9590) is a focal point for information about summer and part-time jobs. Consult the listings on the job boards as early in the year as you can. Many part-time jobs are filled in the late summer and early fall. Keep checking regularly, too.

The Centre also co-ordinates applications for federal and provincial summer employment programmes (for example, Ontario's "Experience 81" and the federal government's "Career Oriented Program"). Begin visiting the Centre in late November for information about these programmes.

The Centre also organizes business recruitment programmes for summer career-oriented work. Recruitment begins early in the fall, so visit the Centre as soon as you can. Although not a "summer employment centre", the Centre on campus is the best place to start summer job hunting early in the year.

The Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380) describes itself as the largest employer of students on campus. Students are hired as pub staff, cashiers, operating personnel, and so on. The first issue of *The Charlatan* should list all the vacancies. Some of the Students' Association jobs are filled over the summer. As staff leave and the waiting list is exhausted, temporary casual vacancies may arise. If you could use a short-term job quickly, give them a call. Registration itself is also a source of short-term university jobs. (See "Registrars' Offices" for phone numbers.) The Students' Association's Education and Research Office (231-4380) hires students temporarily for *Course Guide* work and in other research projects.

Various parts of the university also hire students for part-time work during the school year. In particular, try Information Carleton (231-7177), Capital Foods (231-6629), Saga Foods (231-3710), High School Liaison (231-2738), the Athletics Centre (231-3746), the Library (231-2750), Instructional Aids (231-6658), and your own academic department (just in case there is money around). Check Carleton's Personnel Office (231-2780) in August as well.

Most of these jobs are non-glamorous (e.g. working in the cafeteria, guiding tours for high school students, booking squash courts, stacking books in the library or running audio-visual equipment). However, because they are on campus, they can help you pay your way through school without conflicting too much with your academic work.

Finally, if you have never had a career oriented job and you have some spare time, you might try voluntary work around campus. Check out *The Charlatan* (231-4483) or CKCU-FM (231-4498), if you are interested in the media or public relations. If you are a Psych major with an interest in counselling, for example, you might want to volunteer at the Peer Counselling Centre (231-7476) or at one of the various social agencies (like Children's Aid and the Youth Services Bureau) around town. Working for the Students' Association (231-4380) can also provide useful experience. For off-campus opportunities, call the Central Volunteer Bureau (236-3658).

Although unpaid work is not highly valued in our society, it

may be of some help in getting a "real" job later on. In the meanwhile, what you learn about responsibility, organization and personal relations can always be put to use. (See also "Employment".)

#### **Judicial System**

For over ten years, Carleton has been planning to implement a new judicial system for students who are accused of, or penalized for, a disciplinary offence. The new structure would have created a system of boards, with some student representation, to review student appeals. The boards would have provided a fair hearing (and a consistent procedure) for students who felt they were "not guilty" in the first place or that the penalty was too serious for the severity of their offence.

At the time of writing *Survival*, this proposed system was beginning to slip slowly into the past tense. Once again new proposals are being made. These will have to be debated, we suspect, for some time to come.

At present, the final recourse for student appeals against disciplinary penalties (for alleged actions which could range from losing a library book to cheating on a final examination) is a Judicial Committee of the University Senate. This committee includes all the Deans and the University President. Initial stages of the process may include special committees or a hearing before a dean.

If you do encounter a situation where you want to appeal any sort of penalty, all we can suggest is that you begin by consulting the Office of the Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717). We hope to be able to help you sort through the maze of existing procedures.



#### **Landlord and Tenant Relations**

New tenancy legislation (the Residential Tenancies Act) passed third reading in the Ontario legislature last year. Before proclamation, however, Bill 163 went to court. The issue was constitutional (the new act creates a commission with the powers of a county court and the BNA Act makes the court system a federal responsibility). It is now on its way to the Supreme Court of Canada and most of the new law is in "limbo" for the time being.

Some of your rights and obligations as a tenant arise from municipal by-laws, health and safety regulations and the Human Rights Act. The bulk, however, are defined by the old Landlord and Tenant Act (Part IV, Residential Tenancies) and, for rent review, by the proclaimed parts of the Residential Tenancies Act.

If you have a specific landlord and tenant problem, call or visit the Office of the Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717). Although we are not lawyers, we will be glad to help. Should legislation have changed, we will be able to tell you what new rules apply. The new act, for example, would cover many people now classified as "roomers" (but not Residence students). So stay in touch.

The following list, of what your landlord must and what s/he cannot do, applies whether or not you have a lease. However, you must be a tenant. If you are not renting a self-enclosed unit with private bathroom and kitchen, you may not be covered by the protective legislation.

#### The landlord must:

- provide premises in a good state of repair meeting municipal safety standards and health regulations;
- provide a heating system which maintains a day-time room temperature of 68 degrees F. at 5 feet above floor level and 3 feet from exterior walls;

- repair ordinary "wear and tear" breakdowns;
- give 60 days notice to terminate a tenancy even if you do not have a lease (see below);
- give 90 days written notice to raise rents and, in any case, may raise rents only once a year per unit and accept a decision of the Tenancy Commission if the amount of the increase is in dispute;
- provide a supply of vital services (heat, water, electricity) whether or not you are facing eviction;
- permit political party workers or candidates access to tenants.

#### The landlord cannot:

- enter your apartment without giving 24 hours notice except in an emergency;
- lock you out of your unit;
- evict you without a court order;
- seize any of your belongings (e.g. to cover back rent);
- collect a security deposit to be held against possible damage (a deposit of the last month's rent is acceptable but 6 per cent interest is due);
- unreasonably refuse you the right to sublet;
- deny accommodation on the basis of race, creed, colour, religion or other grounds proscribed by the Human Rights Act (but your being a student is not covered);
- try to evict you because you are seeking to enforce your rights under the Landlord and Tenant Act.

The following are some other points of common interest to students. Remember, this is only a rough outline. For a specific problem, make sure to consult a source of legal aid.

• Roomers and boarders are not explicitly covered under the Landlord and Tenant Act. If you live in a rooming house, boarding house, or university Residence, you probably have none of the rights (or obligations) of a tenant.

In some cases, it may not be clear whether you are a tenant or not, so seek expert advice before you make a decision.

- Shared accommodation can create some problems since it is not clear, if there is not a lease, who the tenants are. On the other hand, any special agreement you make with the lease-signer(s) or tenant(s) is probably binding. For example, you can agree to give each other 60 days notice of departure instead of the 30 days applicable to a roomer who pays by the month. You could also agree that no one can leave for 8 months or a year without finding a suitable replacement. Of course, one problem with such a verbal agreement might be proving it was ever made.
- Agreements to lease are binding contracts. Some landlords (especially realty companies) have forms which bind the tenant but not the landlord. Make sure you know what you are signing.
- Leases like other contracts are never all-or-nothing propositions. Read your lease carefully. Treat objectionable items as negotiable. Any special agreements (e.g. repairs to be done, provision of parking) should be put in writing and signed along with the lease. There is no single "standard" lease in Ontario. If you wonder about the fairness of your's, have someone with legal training look at the lease before you sign. (Try Ottawa U. Legal Aid or the Office of the Ombudsman.) It may be useful to keep (and have the landlord sign) a list of the condition of the unit and appliances.

 Termination of your tenancy is possible if you give 60 days written notice on a month-to-month tenancy (without a lease). Count the 60 days from the day rent is due. Since your landlord cannot "unreasonably refuse" you the right to sublet, you should be all right if you can find new people to take over for you in a period shorter than 60 days. If you have a lease which you do not want to renew, 60 days notice is required. The same period of notice is required from the landlord at the end of a tenancy. However, if you are unwilling to depart, you need not leave. The landlord must then proceed to court after sending you an official termination notice. There is a finite list of reasons which the court will accept. This includes undue damage (by you or your friends), non-payment of rent, consistent late payment of rent, disturbance of other tenants, over-crowding, carrying on an illegal business, or the wish of the landlord to use the unit her/ himself (or for close relatives.) In any of these situations, of course, you have the right to try to disprove the landlord's claim.

In the case of renovations or demolition, your landlord must offer I20 days notice (about 4 months). You, in turn, can terminate before the time is up by giving only I0 days notice to the landlord. (You should do so in writing and pay your rent up to that date.) You can hold out for a court hearing where the landlord must prove that s/he actually plans major renovations, conversion, etc.

- Eviction basically involves a termination before your tenancy period is over. If you refuse to leave, the landlord must serve you with an official notice (giving reasons) and take you before a county court judge in chambers. Again, you have the right to respond, to "counterclaim", to attend and be represented. Despite rumours to the contrary, a landlord may ask for a writ of possession (eviction order) even in the dead of winter. However his/her reasons must be acceptable. If you have a lease, the reasons may include the breaking of one of its terms but the decision is up to the court. Usually, it must be a fairly major (important or damaging) breach of the agreement which is involved.
- Subletting should not be confused with termination of a lease. Unless your landlord agrees voluntarily to sign a new lease with the subtenants (making them tenants, in fact), subletting leaves you as a middle person responsible for every obligation under the original lease. Your landlord may refuse to sign a new lease with new people. However, s/he cannot "unreasonably refuse" you the right to sublet. In practice, a sublet fee of \$50 is common; the Act allows the landlord to charge a "reasonable" fee.

If you find yourself with subtenants, make sure to get a written agreement from them. Check their references thoroughly and, if possible, get their first and last months' rent on deposit. Also remember to change the hydro, phone and other bills so that they won't be in your name while you are away.

You can choose to sublet for a given period (i.e. if you want to return to the unit in September) or to "assign" the lease until its termination.

• Enforcing your rights as a tenant can be difficult. If you have a specific problem, discuss it with an expert. If you suspect you are headed for court, visit Ottawa University Student Legal Aid (231-5855). The law students can represent all low-income people (most students would qualify) in court over a landlord tenant dispute.

Legal action, of course, is a last step even with free representation from Student Legal Aid. You should first check out all the facts. Then talk it over with your landlord. Tactful persuasion is always the best way to reach an agreement. (If it succeeds, it is fast, free and least unpleasant). If the dispute persists, put your claim in writing and send the letter by registered mail. Give your landlord a set period (e.g. two weeks) to respond.

If repairs are a problem, call City Hall (Property Standards Branch, 563-3232), the Health Inspector (225-2223) and/or the Fire Prevention Bureau (233-4801). They will certainly inspect the premises. They may be slow to act, unless the problem is very severe, such as no water supply or no heat in January, but eventually the landlord will be forced to comply.

While legal action may be a last step, do not avoid it especially where the remedy you seek is, for example, termination of a lease or an injunction against the landlord for major repairs. It can often be quick and efficient. Do get advice and representation however, especially since for most students, it is available free of charge.

• Self-help remedies like with-holding rent or moving out, can be risky. In the latter case, you might find yourself owing a good deal of money. Despite an obligation to make an honest effort to rent the unit to someone else, the landlord is basically entitled to his/her end of your bargain. She will probably try to sue you in Small Claims Court for lost rent (while the unit was vacant). Again, get advice to protect yourself as much as you can. (See also "Apartment Hunting" and "Rent Review".)

#### Legal Aid

Never hesitate to ask for legal assistance even if you are not sure if you really need it. In serious situations, low income people can usually get free legal representation. The Ontario legal aid system has many gaps, but meanwhile here is a list of local sources of help. Use them.

• The Ontario Legal Aid Plan is provided by a provincial statute under which a low income person can obtain a "certificate" accepted in lieu of payment by participating lawyers. Most full-time students would qualify; others may receive at least partial help, if, on assessment, it is determined that you can afford to pay part of the costs. Apply through the Ontario Legal Aid Area Office (126 York Street, 238-7931) or through a lawyer of your own choice or Duty Counsel present in court.

Legal Aid also operates clinics where lawyers are available for consultation free of charge. Phone for the times and locations around Ottawa.

- Student Legal Aid at the University of Ottawa, also operates under the Legal Aid Act. The clinic, staffed by second and third year law student volunteers, gives advice and handles, for example, civil actions where the claim is below \$1,000, traffic court cases, landlord and tenant problems and the like. Phone or visit them at 105 Copernicus (231-5855).
- Community Legal Services is a local community-based source of legal aid for low income people. It is staffed by a lawyer

and several para-legal workers. The service has specific priorities (e.g. criminal, landlord and employment problems) and cannot help in all cases. Phone or visit I Daly Street (238-7008).

- Québec Legal Aid, if you have a legal problem in that province, provides legal help in English as well as French. You have the choice of a certificate or a staff lawyer and the assistance covers many problems which Ontario Legal Aid considers too "minor". Call or visit Community Legal Aid Centre of Outaouais (155 Rue Principale, Hull, 771-7352).
- The Lawyer Referral Service run by the Law Society of Upper Canada, can give you the name of a lawyer with whom you may consult for about half an hour for a nominal charge of \$10. Definitely check out the other services first if you have no money and/or an emergency on your hands. For information, call 233-7386.
- The Office of the Ombudsman is a source of legal help on campus. Para-legal consultants and referrals for certain serious legal situations are provided. If you are not sure where to go, try us first at Room 511 Unicentre (231-6717).

#### Library

The MacOdrum Library, located on the Quad, is the main University Library.

The regular undergraduate loan period is two weeks, but if you bring the books to the Return Desk and there are no requests or "holds" for them, you may take them out again for another two weeks. Fourth year honours students, graduate students and faculty members have a four week loan period. Your university ID card is your Library card. When you visit the Library for the first time the people at the Circulation Desk will put a bar-coded label on your card. If you are a graduate student or fourth year honours, be sure to bring your registration contract if your ID does not clearly show your status. The labels indicate whether you have a two or four week borrowing privilege and you should be issued the proper one. If your card is lost, report it to the Library right away. If you don't, you will be liable for the books taken out on that card.

Charges for keeping books past their due dates are substantial: 20¢ per day or more, and likely to be raised this year. If you return an overdue book without paying the fine you will be billed and have to pay an extra \$2.00 billing charge. Bills must be paid at the Business Office in the Administration Building rather than at the Circulation Desk. Fines for Reserve books are much greater and accumulate hourly.

Because of the costs involved, the charge for losing a book can be quite high. It is just possible that the book may have been re-shelved without being processed by the computer but, if it cannot be found at all, you will be held responsible. If you feel you are being fined or penalized unfairly, discuss the problem with the Head of Circulation. You may also, if necessary, appeal a decision to the Senate Library Committee. (See "Appeals".)

The Library's general service areas – card and fiche catalogues, information and reference desks, checkout, book return, audio-video room and interlibrary loans – are located on the Main level. Special service areas include microforms on level I, government documents and documents information on level 5,

photocopy service on level 3 and special collections and archives on level 5. Computer print-outs near the Circulation Desk tell you if a book is out on loan and the day it is due back. "Reserve" print-outs here tell you what materials have been put on short-term loan for your courses. Some can go out for five days, others overnight, and some are restricted to use inside the Library for a few hours.

On the main level of the Library you will find leaflets and other instructions on how to use the Library and its special resources. Each term, tours and special sessions are given to acquaint you with the building and the materials you will be using. Go along. The tour can save you many wasted hours later on. It's also a good way to learn about special holdings like microfilms and fiche, audio cassettes, and video tapes.

Copies of exams for the past several years are available for consultation on micro-fiche in the Reference area. Copies of exams may be purchased in the Micro area on the 1st level or from the Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380).

There are single or double carrel and table seats on levels I, 3, 4 and 5 for study in open areas or in studios. No seats are reserved. Level 2 seating is in short supply and restricted to people using the Reference materials. Temperature in the building varies drastically in study areas. If you are too cold or too hot, try another floor or study room.

A word of caution – don't leave your books, coats, bags and other possessions unattended. Theft can be a problem.

There are numerous departmental libraries and reading rooms. Check out those that interest you. They are listed in *Resources for Courses* (available at Information Carleton).

Finally, please don't steal or damage the books. The Library is underfunded already. The penalties if you're caught will be very heavy. Even if you get away with it, the very people you hurt are other students. (Submitted by the MacOdrum Library.)

#### Lockers

For \$2.00 at registration, you can rent a locker at Carleton. Keep your receipt. If, when you get to your locker, you find someone else is already using it, visit Administrative Services (in the foyer of the Administration Building, 231-3725). The staff will take care of your problem but you will need your receipt. Locks are available at the Bookstore if you have not already bought one.

Theft and damage are always possible. The university is not responsible for anything stolen from your locker. Just as if someone broke into your apartment, the responsibility is entirely yours. You may not wish to keep anything too valuable in your locker unless it is insured.

#### Lost and Found

The campus Lost and Found, operated by Security Services, is located in the Patrol Office Room 203 Administration Building and can be reached at 231-4360 twenty-four hours a day.



#### **National Union of Students**

The National Union of Students (NUS) represents university and college students across Canada.

The organization speaks for students on issues of national concern ranging from student aid and Unemployment Insurance changes to research and development expenditures and international student concerns. It also tries to co-ordinate student activities in the various provinces and to provide special help in provinces which, unlike Ontario, do not have strong provincial organizations.

As well as political representation, NUS is involved in student services. In association with the Canadian University Travel Services (CUTS), NUS helps provide student discounts for national and international travel.

For more information on NUS, contact the Students' Association (231-4380) or the NUS National Office (126 York Street, 232-7394). The travel service, CUTS, has a branch office on campus (4th Floor Unicentre, 238-5493).

#### **New University Government**

Since 1968, students have had a minimum number of seats on every departmental, school, institute and faculty board. Any undergraduate or graduate student may run. Elections will probably be held in September, shortly after registration. For specific information, phone your departmental secretary or equivalent.

For a general understanding of how the system operates, contact the Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380) and your academic society or course union. The Students' Association will tell you if one exists in your department, and how to get in touch.

Since there are over 40 different schools, departments and

institutes at Carleton, to say nothing of committees of the Senate, the Board of Governors, the Students' Association and so on, student representation can become a little disorganized. This year, the Students' Association is trying to organize all student representatives into an Academic Representatives Board. For more information, call the Representation Commissioner at 231-4380. (See also "Academic Societies", "Student Representation" and "Students' Association".)

#### **Notaries**

A notary may be any member of the bar qualified to practice in Ontario. One way to get a document notarized is to contact the Law Department at Carleton (Room D586 Loeb Building, 231-7540) where someone is likely to help you but may charge you a few dollars. An alternative is to attend one of the Legal Aid clinics in Ottawa where a lawyer will notarize a document for you free of charge. Call Legal Aid at 238-7931 for clinic times and places.

Quite often (for example, in an insurance claim) all you need to do is make a statutory declaration before a Commissioner of Oaths. In such cases, call the Office of the Ombudsman (231-6717) and we can arrange for your document to be signed, again free of charge.

#### **Nutrition**

The first man who said "you are what you eat" was a German philosopher. He had a good point. Good nutrition is a sound investment both directly (eating well can reduce your food costs) and indirectly (you might suffer fewer illnesses). The Peer Counselling Centre (Room 502 Unicentre, 231-7476) has piles of pamphlets and other information to give away on the topic of nutrition. They can also provide referrals. Health Services (6th Floor Unicentre, 231-2755) can also provide advice and assistance.

Faced with the thousands of items in your local supermarket, it can be pretty hard to sort out what's good to eat from what only looks good on a label or a TV ad but is costly, unhealthy or both. Some general guidelines are listed below:

- Avoid over-processed foods like fruit drinks or crystals (stick to 100% orange juice); pre-basted turkeys (you pay a lot extra for injections of oil, water and salt); highly processed breakfast cereals or other foods (like canned fruit) with extra sugar added.
- Cut down on so-called "convenience foods" (often they're not all that convenient anyway) and read labels carefully. Avoid products that sound as if they come fresh from the laboratory with a long list of food additives, artificial flavourings and artificial colours.
- Use fresh vegetables rather than frozen or canned substitutes. When you cook your vegetables do so with as little water as possible and try to use the water left over in soup or gravy or to cook rice.
- Buy brown rice (or converted rice) instead of white; brown bread instead of "enriched" white bread (but make sure it really is 100% whole-wheat). Other healthy foods are beans (high in

protein and very cheap), skim milk powder (if you don't like the taste, use it for cooking), and, yes, that old stand-by liver. Invest in a few good vegetarian cook-books like *Diet for a Small Planet* or *Recipes for a Small Planet* to help you use your new health foods in ways as good or better than your old recipe for not-so-cheap-anymore hamburger. (It takes about 8 pounds of good vegetable protein to produce one pound of meat.)

• Try to cut down on foods with lots of fat, starch, sugar or salt; concentrate on vitamins and proteins instead.

Avoid paying more for things like "natural" granola in a fancy package when you can make your own (try a health food store which sells nuts and grains in bulk at reasonable prices) or "natural" vitamins (synthetic ones is just as healthy) or fancy-priced "organic" fruits and vegetables. Remember that honey or molasses is just as fattening as sugar and that no food will "cure" you.



#### Office of the Ombudsman

The Office of the Ombudsman deals with complaints, grievances or questions concerning the university or the outside community.

The scope of the office includes problems with the university, such as grade appeals, fees, graduation, etc., and extends to external problems such as UIC claims, landlord and tenant disputes, and immigration problems.

The staff can provide an objective and independent review of the facts and, if need be, will act as a third party representative on your behalf. Often students or staff are not sure of how to get certain information and our office can act as a referral service.

Whether it be for information or for someone to appeal on your behalf, feel free to contact the office. The Ombudsman is Jim Kennelly. The Assistant Ombudsperson is Dorothy Kent. The

office is located in Room 511 of the Unicentre (231-6717). If you call during the day, an evening appointment can be arranged. Incidentally, we are the editors of this book.

#### **Ontario Federation of Students**

The Ontario Federation of Students (OFS) is the provincial body representing over 160,000 college and university students. The federation presents the student point of view to all the provincial boards and agencies involved with post-secondary education in Ontario.

In addition to its political activity, OFS is developing student services on a provincial scale. It is investigating the possibilities of such services as extended student health care, block booking of campus entertainment, and centralized purchasing.

In general, OFS co-ordinates and assists the activities of local student organizations in the hope of making student government more efficient and beneficial to its members.

For more information about OFS call the Students' Association (231-4380) or contact OFS directly at 402–696 Yonge Street, Toronto (416-925-3825).

#### **Other Universities**

Universities like the idea that they're giving you a whole degree – not just adding their name to an assortment of courses taught all over the place. Consequently, in order to get permission to take some courses at other universities towards your Carleton degree, you must ask your Faculty Registrar's Office for a Letter of Permission. Get a calendar description of the course you want to take and apply formally at your Faculty Registrar's Office before you register. In the Faculties of Arts and Social Sciences the deadlines for application are: November 15, 1980 for January registration; March 30, 1981 for Summer registration; July 27, 1981 for September registration. If you are in another faculty, see your Registrar's Office for deadlines. For calendars from other universities, see University Counselling Services (Room 1201 Arts Tower, 231-4408).

In addition to the transfer of credit option, full-time Carleton students in their second year or higher can register in their fifth credit at Ottawa University without paying extra fees. Forms for registration for the exchange agreement are available at your Faculty Registrar's Office. Check with Ottawa University for registration and course change deadlines. Remember that this is not a method for registering in a course for which you would not have been eligible to register at Carleton. Check carefully to see that the course you pick is acceptable.



#### **Parking**

Full-time and part-time students can purchase permits either at registration or at the Traffic Office (Main Floor, Administration Building). Prices vary from about \$53 to \$135 per year for full-time students, according to location and whether or not electrical outlets are provided. Part-time student prices vary from approximately \$28 to \$48.

Along with your permit, you are issued an access card. If you lose or break your card, a new one can be purchased at the Traffic Office for \$2.00. If you return the access card, a \$2.00 refund will be given to you.

If you do not have a permit and require parking space, there are pay facilities on campus. Avoid parking illegally. Security Patrol Officers are very efficient at giving parking tickets; both City of Ottawa tickets and those issued by the University (for people who have a valid permit). Your car may be also be ticketed and towed away at a cost of \$15.

A ticket can be appealed if you feel that it has been wrongly issued. For Carleton tickets, written appeals (within 10 days) should be sent to M. Stephens, Traffic Supervisor, Administrative Services, Administration Building.

If you are not satisfied with the decision, drop in to the Office of the Ombudsman and we will put you in touch with the Student Appeal Board.

If you receive a City of Ottawa ticket, you can either pay it on or before the date shown or, if you wish to fight it, you must wait for a summons and appear in court. If you pay the ticket and wish to appeal internally, you must include a copy of your receipt. Should you be successful, the fine paid will be refunded.

Any outstanding Carleton University traffic fines in a student's name are applied to your account. Release of final grades is conditional on payment.

Pamphlets outlining Carleton's traffic regulations are issued with parking permits or can be picked up at the Traffic Office. If you drive a car to school, you should have some familiarity with these regulations. It will save you money.

There is a new system in Ontario for Highway Traffic and other minor offences. Under this system, you must reply to your 'offence notice" within 15 days, even if you want to fight it. (In other words, you won't automatically receive a summons and a chance to plead your case.) This system is not yet applied to parking tickets, so the present procedure is being used. However, keep an eye on the papers for an announcement of the switch-over.

#### **Passports**

A passport is necessary for travel in most countries, except the United States (if you are a Canadian citizen). Applications for a passport can be obtained at any post office (including the one on campus). With the application, you will need two photographs of yourself. You can purchase these at Photographic Services (Room 105 Administration Building, 231-6731). You also need an original copy of either your birth certificate or your citizenship papers and the signature of a guarantor who has known you for more than two years. Finally, you need a certified cheque or money order for \$20.

Since this is Ottawa, you can go down to the Passport Office in person at the Lester B. Pearson Building, (125 Sussex Drive, 995-8481) and deliver your completed application. They say you can be processed in three working days (no weekends), but for safety's sake, give them a week or two. If you mail the application, expect the process to take a month.

#### **Peer Counselling**

The Peer Counselling Centre (Room 502 Unicentre, 231-7476) is a student-organized counselling service. The trained volunteers can offer information, counselling and/or referrals in the following areas: nutrition, birth control, pregnancy, abortion, sexuality, venereal disease, relationship problems, stress, loneliness, personal problems, and alcohol and drug abuse.

The Centre's goal is to increase a client's awareness of his/ her situation and all the possible alternative solutions to a problem. The Centre attempts to accomplish this in a supportive and non-judgmental manner which is aided by the differing backgrounds and lifestyles of the counsellors.

The Centre is independently operated by the volunteers. However, the majority of its funding comes from the Students' Association.

The Centre's services are completely confidential. There is no fee and appointments are not necessary.

The Peer Counselling Centre is also active in other areas. For example, it provides workshops on massage, nutrition, and men's and women's self-awareness. There is a large selection of

free pamphlets available as well as a small library of useful reference books.

Feel free to come into the Centre, have a cup of coffee and chat. Office hours are 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. from Monday to Friday. (Submitted by the Peer Counselling Centre.)

## **Photography Club**

The Photography Club (Room 512 Unicentre) provides equipment and workshop instruction in colour and black-and-white photography and dark room work. A membership fee is charged for the academic year (September to April), during which the instruction and use of facilities is free to members. A separate fee is charged for summer use.

For detailed information about hours of operation and membership fees, phone or visit the Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380).

## **Plagiarism**

The Latin root of "plagiarism" is a word which means "to kidnap". Thus, plagiarism means taking another person's ideas, words or writings as one's own without sufficient attribution.

One inaccurate footnote, in a twenty page essay, is probably not plagiarism. The paraphrase of another person's work, in slightly different words and without very clear footnotes, probably is. The other person in this case need not be the writer of a textbook or an encyclopedia. The work of another student is also his/her own and should not be used without footnoting.

The penalty for plagiarism, if you are found guilty, may be failure or even suspension.

To avoid worry, ask your instructor to explain the rules for footnoting and attribution in your department. Often the department will have a hand-out on how to write an essay. Consider purchasing a style guide for your discipline. The Bookstore on campus sells several different guides.

Use footnotes carefully. Use quotation marks. Use your own words instead of a rough paraphrase. Come up with some of your own ideas. In short, avoid plagiarism. If nothing else, the result will be a better and more original piece of work.

## **Plants and Gardening**

The Environmental Laboratories (ELBA) are across the road from the Administration Building. The greenhouses exist for research and study in biology, but anyone is free to wander in and look at the plants (especially in the cold of an Ottawa winter). Potted plants of all sizes are sold as well. They range in price from \$1.50 to \$20.00 depending on the size. They are usually much healthier and as cheap, or cheaper, than those at the commercial outlets. Late in the spring, you can purchase flats for outdoor gardening.

If you live in a apartment and your green thumb starts itching next summer, you may want to rent a community garden plot from the Students' Association (231-4380). You can rent a plot from mid-May to mid-October for about \$25.00

#### **Post Office**

The Post Office is the second-hardest place to find on campus. (The hardest, invariably, is the right line in the middle of September registration.) It is located in the tunnels between the Tory Building and Paterson Hall. In other words, if you leave the Unicentre through the Tory Link and turn left, it is straight ahead at the end of that stretch of tunnel. If this sounds as clear as mud, just ask someone to point it out to you.

The Post Office is open on weekdays only from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. Aside from buying stamps, registering mail or sending parcels, you can also buy money orders and pick up income tax forms and passport applications. There is also a mail box near Residence (across from the Mackenzie Engineering Building) and a stamp machine (not always full) in the Unicentre Variety Store which is open during the day and in the evenings from Monday to Thursday in the fall and winter terms. Check the phone book for the location and hours of operation of offcampus post offices. Many small variety stores or confectionery shops around the city are equipped to sell stamps and/or mail letters or packages.

# Pregnancy and/or Abortion

The best alternative to an unwanted pregnancy is birth control. Birth control methods can fail however, and almost everyone can act thoughtlessly. In either case, pregnancy may result.

The most important thing to do if you suspect you may be pregnant is to make sure by seeing a doctor. She can arrange for you to submit a urine sample to a reputable lab two weeks after a missed period or 40 days after your last period. Other options (dropping into a pharmacy or do-it-yourself kits) are less reliable and no cheaper. Pregnancy tests can be done at Health Services.

There are many reasons why you may have missed a period. Stress, a change of climate or location and the effects of birth control pills are some possibilities. It is also possible for lab tests to misdiagnose pregnancy and provide false positives or negatives. Stay in touch with your doctor. Before you make a final decision, have a thorough internal examination.

There are various courses of action open to you if you are pregnant. You can carry the pregnancy to term and keep the child; you can carry the pregnancy to term and put the child up for adoption; or you can end the pregnancy by therapeutic abortion.

Any decision will require thought and planning. In particular, abortion becomes dangerous and difficult after the first three months and unlikely after the sixth month.

The law in Canada permits therapeutic abortion for mental, as well as physical, health reasons. Not all hospitals have boards (necessary to authorize each abortion) and not all doctors are willing to perform or encourage the exercise of this option.

What is most important is to gather information as quickly as possible. Health Services (6th Floor Unicentre, 231-2755) and the Peer Counselling Centre (Room 502 Unicentre, 231-7476) are useful places to start. Whatever agency or information source you use, make sure you are making up your own mind.

Don't hesitate to say you prefer not to be pressured in one direction. Don't hesitate to seek advice from more than one source. If you are considering abortion, you must act fairly quickly. Make sure, then, that the doctor you are seeing is willing and able to assist you. If not, see someone else. Remember, however, that getting the facts on all the options does not in itself commit you to a choice: it allows you to make an informed decision.

A useful off-campus agency which can be contacted is ARCAL (Association for the Review of the Canadian Abortion Laws). ARCAL's phone number is 225-0929. The Centretown Community Resource Centre (342 MacLaren Street, 233-9358) also provides help. Assistance and referral at either agency is available no matter which option you choose.

Although private abortion referral agencies exist, it is probably not a good idea to turn to them first. The cost (you will be sent directly to a U.S. clinic) may be high and it is hard to know how reputable some agencies may be. Even more crucial, do not attempt to incite an abortion on your own or with the help of anyone who is not a qualified physician. The results may be tragic.

Finally, the Peer Counselling Centre and Health Services will be happy to assist you in contacting organizations like Canadian Mothercraft and the Childbirth Education Association which can be helpful if you decide to carry your pregnancy to term. (See "Peer Counselling Centre" and "Health Services".)

## **Privacy**

It is Carleton University's policy not to release any information about a student to an outside person or agency without the student's expressed permission. The only information which will be given out is whether or not you are enrolled. (Of course, emergencies are a different matter. The university will do its best to pass on a message to you.)

The Students' Association, however, usually publishes a directory of students' names and telephone numbers. If you want your name and phone number to be excluded, inform them of this during registration at Room 401 Unicentre (231-4380).

If a federal government agency refuses you access to information about yourself, or if you feel it is invading your privacy in other ways, contact the Privacy Commissioner through the Human Rights Commission (995-1151). If a credit or collection agency refuses to let you see your file or to amend untrue or unproven information, call the Ontario Ministry of Consumer and Commercial Relations (725-3679).

While we do not want to engender paranoia, privacy is your right. Do not anwer questions which you feel are irrelevant or unnecessarily personal. Make sure any telephone surveyor identifies her/himself to your satisfaction. Even then you can still refuse to comply, of course. Do be willing to complain about unnecessary prying into your life. The best protection of our privacy, in the long run, will be ourselves.

#### **Probation**

Academic success is not the most important thing in life. If you do badly in first year, you will usually be given a second chance. However, do make the most of the opportunity to find out why you did poorly. Visit the University Counselling Services (23I-4408) for help with career guidance, aptitude testing and the choice of a discipline which might suit you best. (See also "Counselling and Advice" and "Academic Advice".)

If you find yourself on probation, you should realize that the terms and conditions of your probationary year will be applied very strictly. If you cannot meet them, you will probably not be allowed to re-register at Carleton. It may be that another university or community college will accept you, but then again, they may not.

If you feel that you have some special (and resolvable) reasons for having failed to pass your probationary year, you can appeal the decision to your Faculty Registrar's Committee. Do go in first and discuss your appeal at length with the counselling staff in your Registrar's Office.

# **Programme Changes**

If you want to change your major or honours discipline or your degree programme, consult your Faulty Registrar's Office for details. Dicuss your intended change with a registrar or counsellor first, as all programme changes affect graduation requirements. Changes of major or honours may be made during registration and most of the academic year. Changes of degree programme are administered more strictly. See the "Registration" section of the *Undergraduate Calendar*.

#### **Publications**

The heart of a university is its library; the heart of *Survival* is the material we used to compile it. The following is a short list of publications you might find useful. We did.

#### On-Campus:

- Carleton University Undergraduate Calendar, 1980–81
  This is the most important book on campus. Read it. Use it.
  What the university promises here, it will at least try to deliver.
  The Calendar is available through your Faculty Registrar's Office.
- Carleton University Graduate Calendar, 1980–81 This is just as important to graduate students as the Undergraduate Calendar is to the rest of us. Pick up your copy at the Faculty of Graduate Studies (Room 215, Paterson Hall, 231-4403).
- **Students' Association Handbook** Whatever it is called this year, the handbook should tell you all about the Students' Association on campus and what it offers in the way of services, entertainment and political activity. It is available from the association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380).
- **The Student Directory** Haunted by problems over the years, the *Directory* may or may not appear this year. If so, it should contain the name and phone number of every registered

student. Contact the Students' Association (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380) at registration or shortly thereafter if you want your name and number to be excluded. If published, the *Directory* will be available at Information Carleton late this fall or early next year.

- **Communitas** This is the Residence handbook available from either of its two publishers, the Housing Office (231-6395) or the Rideau River Residence Association (231-3806).
- **Course Guide** Published by the Education and Research Office of the Students' Association, the *Course Guide* lists most Q-year, first and second year courses. It is a good idea to look through it before you make your final choices. Contact the Students' Association (231-4380) for your copy.
- Guide for Handicapped Students This guide to building accessibility and resources was compiled some years ago by the Quest Club of Carleton. It may be a little dated if efforts to improve accessibility are successful, but meanwhile copies are available from the Office of the Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717) and elsewhere on campus.
- **Resources for Courses** Compiled by the Office of Instructional Development, this is a guide to typewriters, equipment, calculators, collections of books, slides and catalogues, and almost everything on campus available as a resource for course work. It is available from Information Carleton (Fourth Floor Unicentre, 231-7177).
- **Staff Telephone Directory** While not really intended for students, the *Directory* is useful if you have a complicated question to ask or a hard-to-find person you need to consult. Most offices, including Information Carleton, have one. Take a look and jot down the numbers.
- **The Charlatan** Available on Thursdays at various locations around campus, this is the weekly student newsmagazine. It is put together in Room 531 Unicentre (231-4480) and volunteers are always needed.
- **This Week** This is the university's weekly containing information about changes in university policy, campus events and committee meetings and a calendar of events listed about a month in advance. It is available in every campus building and is published by the Information Office (231-3600).

Other parts of the university and various associations on campus publish information. For example, in addition to library tours, the library offers pamphlets on research in various disciplines. The Women's Centre, last year, issued a regular newsletter and the Registrar's Office in the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences published a useful pamphlet on appeals. Most departments, schools and institutes offer guides, course lists and other material. Check them out.

#### Off-Campus

- Citizens' Guide to Recreation and Parks Pick one up free from the city's Recreation Branch (214 Hopewell Avenue, 563-3222).
- Directory of Community Services, Ottawa-Carleton Published annually, the Directory is available for about \$9 from the Community Information Centre (238-2101) or less (\$4.50 plus tax) without the binder and amendment service.

- Income Tax and the Student This booklet is available free of charge from the Ottawa District Taxation Office (360 Lisgar Street, 996-8340).
- Our Bodies, Our Selves, A Book For and About Women and Contraceptive Technology These are two very different but excellent books about women and health. Take a look at these, and other publications for men and women, at the Peer Counselling Centre(231-7476) or at local bookstores.
- **Self-Counsel Series** This is a series of books published under separate titles (such as *Fight that Ticket in Ontario, Family Law in Ontario,* and *Civil Rights in Canada*). The books usually cost between \$3 and \$10 and are available at the Carleton Bookstore (or your local library). Check the date; if it is not very recent, the information is probably unreliable.
- Toronto Community Law Programme Publications This is another (but non-profit) series with titles including Small Claims Court, Family Law, Income Tax, and so on. They are cheaper (\$2 to \$3) and as useful as the Self-Counsel Series but available only by writing to 205 Davenport, Toronto, Ontario (416-965-5183).

Ontario government publications (often free or cheap) are available by writing to the Publications Service (880 Bay Street, 5th Floor, Toronto, M7A IN8). Ask to subscribe (free) to the *Monthly Checklist* of new publications. If you have trouble with mail orders, phone them at I-800-268-7540. For federal government publications call 992-8457 or the ministry or agency responsible.



## Rape Crisis Centre

The Rape Crisis Centre (at 238-6666) provides a 24-hour emergency telephone line, as well as person-to-person support, accompaniment through medical and legal procedures if desired, and in-depth individual, family and group counselling.

# Registrars' Offices

The Registrars' Offices are a key link between students and the university. These offices register you in your courses, maintain your academic records, administer numerous university regulations and handle the paper work for dropping courses, changing sections, changing majors, writing supplementals, obtaining a transcript and filing a new address.

The Registrars' Offices also administer decisions on course load, promotion, probation, accelerated progress, eligibility to register or to graduate, letters of permission to take a course at another university and so on. It follows that if you are worried about whether or not you are meeting university requirements or want to know if a special exception can be made in your case, you should visit the Registrar's Office of your faculty first.

The Registrars' Offices are staffed by Assistant Deans, Registrars, Assistant Registrars and, in some cases, Records Officer/Counsellors. They are there to explain the regulations, guide you through red tape and help you prepare requests for special consideration or appeals. Do not be intimidated from making an appointment to see them. If shyness or the pressures of time or a wish to avoid hearing bad news cause you to settle for advice from another source, you may miss out.

The Registrars' Offices are:

Arts and Social Sciences 312 Paterson Hall, 231-6690

(Assistant Dean and Registrar: Jim Jackson, Assistant Registrar: Carole Dence, Counsellors: Muriel Foulger, Davida Monk and Joel Nordenstrom). Counselling appointments: 231-7407.

- Science (and Computer Science) 212 Herzberg Building, 231-6705 (Registrar: Ruth Lifeso).
- Engineering (and Architecture and Industrial Design) 353 MacKenzie Building, 231-4313 (Assistant Dean and Registrar: Pat Ryan, Assistant Registrar: Susan Cotter). Industrial Design and Architecture students should also contact their respective schools in some cases.
- **Continuing Education** (Special Students only.) 302 Administration Building, 231-6660 (Registrar: Keith Alnwick).
- **Graduate Studies** 215 Paterson Hall, 231-4403 (Dean: C.H. Amberg, Associate Dean: Robert Laird).

#### **Rent Review**

The rent review portion, and the creation of a Residential Tenancy Commission, are the only parts of the new Residential Tenancies Act which have been proclaimed at the time of writing. The rest, which has gone through third reading in the Ontario Legislature, is now on appeal to the Supreme Court of Canada. (See "Landlord and Tenant Relations".)

Meanwhile, the new Tenancy Commission (265 Carling Avenue, near Bronson, 566-3747) is exercising what are basically the powers of the old Rent Review Board.

You are entitled to 90 days notice in writing of a rent increase. You may appeal any increase over 6 per cent to the commission. You are entitled to a hearing from the commission. Your landlord may only increase the rent for your unit once in a calendar year no matter how many tenants have moved in or out.

Do not hesitate to exercise your rights as a tenant. If a hearing is involved, do seek advice first. (See "Legal Aid".) For more detailed information, call the Residential Tenancy Commission or the Office of the Ombudsman (231-6717). (See also "Landlord and Tenant Relations" and "Apartment Hunting".)

#### Residence

The on-campus housing programme at Carleton provides accommodation for 1,330 students in a distinctive setting. Because accommodation is located on campus, residence students are close to all the other facilities of the university via tunnel or outdoors. The residence cafeteria dining service, which provides lunch and dinner and which is compulsory for all residents, eliminates food concerns.

Life in the residence community provides a base for social interaction through contacts students make through roommates and those who live close by. In addition, the programmes and services offered by the Rideau River Residence Association serve to heighten student participation in activities which can be socially and educationally beneficial.

For more information about residence, visit or phone the Housing Office (Residence Commons Building, 231-6395). The Housing Office staff can also tell you about the possibility of short or long-term accommodation in residence during the

summer months should you want to visit Carleton or Ottawa. (Submitted by Housing and Food Services.)

#### **Residence Association**

Its full name is the Rideau River Residence Association, but basically it is the representative association of the Carleton students living in residence. The Residence Association provides representation on committees, support services, entertainment, activities, programmes and other services for its members (residence students). Most of these activities are open to off-campus students as well and are a good means of meeting new people at Carleton.

The association is operated for and by students. You are invited to drop by, find out what is going on, and to get involved if you have any suggestions or ideas about future activities. The office is located in the Commons Building behind the Service Desk. The phone number is 231-3806.

## **Rules and Regulations**

The purpose of regulation is to ensure fairness. Rules enable us to treat everyone justly. However, the regulators themselves sometimes need regulating. Thus, along with every set of rules and regulations, it becomes necessary to create a system of appeals for those cases where the rules are unclear or anomalous, where special circumstances have arisen, or where the interests of equity would be better served by relaxing the rules.

The system, however, always assumes that, as students, we know all the rules in advance. Learning the rules is somewhat complicated by the fact that they are not codified in any single place. Ignorance of the rules, nevertheless, is not usually an acceptable excuse.

As a result, it is important that you take the responsibility to learn the rules yourself. Begin by getting to know the *University Calendar*. Read it carefully; refer to it if you change your mind about an academic issue or if you are planning to do so. Most of the important university-wide rules are here. For clarification and details, consult your Faculty Registrar's Office (or Continuing Education if you are a Special Student). Ask your department about any additional departmental rules. Since rules change over time and not all are printed, talk to someone in your Registrar's Office whenever you are uncertain or find yourself making a major decision.

The system is not absolutely inflexible. Requests for special consideration are possible. An appeal process is usually available. For example, a rule about which you could never have known (i.e. which is not on paper anywhere) may be a good basis for appealing a decision. So, too, is a major unexpected event which stops you from complying with a deadline or a letter from an agent of the university giving you permission to deviate from some regulation.

However, if you do have an appeal, get in touch with the university as soon as possible. If you do not know where to start, contact the Office of the Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717).

All the above is true, although perhaps with less impact, of

the rules governing use of the library, parking, behaviour in residence, and so on. Again, it is crucial that you learn the rules rather than find yourself in a dispute about a possible infraction.

The university is private property. Treat it with respect. A person accused of stealing a book or breaking furniture may be liable for criminal prosecution as well as penalties under the university's judicial system. If you think you are being accused or penalized unfairly, contact the Office of the Ombudsman.

Finally, after those harsh words, remember that the rules exist to protect students as well as the university. You may want to sit on the chair that is broken or read the book that has been stolen or damaged. As well, you have (or should have) a role in setting the rules. Unlike the weather, regulations do not just happen. They are created. Get in touch with the Students' Association (231-4380), its Education and Research Office (231-7158) and/or the student representatives in your department if you want to get involved in setting, modifying, or reviewing the rules by which the university is run. Rules that seem needless or unfair will only change if you become concerned with changing them. (See also "Appeals", "Exam Regulations", "Judicial System", "Plagiarism" and "Registrars' Offices".)



# Security

Carleton has about 15,000 full and part-time students, several hundred employees, an unknown number of daily visitors, acres of space, twenty-four buildings, two and one half miles of tunnels and about twenty-five patrol staff who divide three shifts per day.

Carleton is as safe or safer than an other part of Ottawa. However, like any other part of Ottawa, it is not without crime. Do not accept the assumption that you are immune to crime just because you are on university property.

The security staff do an excellent job but it is important that you take any normal precaution that you might take elsewhere. Most students come to feel at home on the university campus after the first few weeks, but remember that someone may still walk away with your unattended purse in the library or break into your locker overnight. It is up to you to act accordingly.

If you do run into anything that looks like a police matter, call Security at 231-4444 (the Emergency number) or 231-4360 (the Patrol Office). They will respond immediately.

Security personnel have a tough job. They are here to deal with situations where the rest of us are unable to cope. It would help a lot if we co-operated with them as much as possible.

In the Unicentre, the Students' Association has ancillary security staff of its own. When they are on patrol, you can reach the student security staff by calling 231-3826 or 231-4380. Unlike university Security, they are not available around the clock and, at present, we do not know what hours they will keep in the coming year.

#### **Small Claims Court**

Small claims court provides an arena for individuals to take civil actions (with jurisdiction up to \$1,000) in what was intended to be an informal, humane and relaxed atmosphere. You can present a case yourself or be represented by an "agent" (e.g. Ottawa U Student Legal Aid or a friend) instead of a lawyer.

Unfortunately, it is the professionals (e.g. collection agencies) who seem to benefit most from small claims court procedures (less formal than higher courts) and speed (usually no more than three months until a court date).

Don't be intimidated from using the law but definitely get para-legal assistance first. Most defendants attend unrepresented or unprepared – and many lose. Student Legal Aid at Ottawa University (231-5855) will be happy to help free of charge. If you choose to represent yourself, make sure you're prepared. There is a small claims court book in the library as well as other material. Finally, if you are uncertain of what to do or where to start, drop by the Office of the Ombudsman (231-6717). Small Claims Court No. 7 can be reached at 56 Sparks Street, 232-5408. (See also "Legal Aid".)

#### Social Insurance Numbers

When they were introduced, Social Insurance Numbers were meant to facilitate federal government social service programmes like Unemployment Insurance and the Canada Pension Plan. Now you are also expected to have a number to file for an income tax credit or to cash a Canada Savings Bond. In one province, you need a number from the time you are born.

If you want a SIN or have lost your old card, applications are available at the Canada Employment Centre (Room 508, Unicentre, 231-2600).

A number of private businesses (oil companies or the credit offices of department stores, for example) also seem to want our SIN cards these days. Technically, there is nothing against the law about this. Then again, technically these businesses shouldn't have access to personal information the govern-

ment may possess about us. If you value your privacy and encounter a situation like this, try calling a Member of Parliament or the Civil Liberties Association (238-7368). Often, if you just suggest you are about to make some phone calls, the company will back down and accept other identification.

#### **Student Representation**

Most descriptions of university government are dull. They tend to include flow charts and diagrams and long explanations of the Carleton University Act (the Ontario statute by which the university exists) and the various powers of the Board of Governors, the President and the Senate.

The best way to understand how the university runs, however, is to get involved yourself in running it. The university is, if nothing else, relatively democratic. In practice this means that most decisions are made by, or based on advice from, a committee. According to *This Week*, the university newspaper, there were at least 400 different committees at Carleton last year and that number did not include ad hoc or sub-committees. The committees originate from the Board of Governors, the President's office, the Senate, the administration, four faculty boards, various students' associations including CUSA, the central organization of students on campus, and over 40 departments, schools and institutes.

The majority of these committees, if they concern students directly, allow for some form of student representation. Many of the academic decisions (for example starting a new course or developing a new programme) begin at the departmental level and work their way up, through the faculty, to the Senate. Other decisions, which involve the whole university, may begin with a committee of the Senate (for example a decision on student appeal procedures or new library regulations). Still others may be made by committees of the Board of Governors or different sorts of joint committees.

If this sounds slow and cumbersome, that is because often it is so. On the other hand, the system allows a wide range of views to be expressed. To make it all work, the involvement of students is crucial. After all, the university exists, in part, for your benefit in the time you study here.

To find out more about getting involved in the university structure, contact the Students' Association (231-4380), the Rideau River Residence Association (231-3806) if you are living in Residence, or the Graduate Students Association (231-4347) if you are enrolled in the Faculty of Graduate Studies. (See also "Students' Association", "New University Government" and "Academic Societies".)

#### Students' Association

The Carleton University Students' Association (or CUSA) is a student-run organization to which all Carleton students belong. It is made up of 29 people including a president, finance commissioner and faculty representatives. Students can run and vote for these positions during the annual elections in February. There may also be some vacant seats to fill in the regular October by elections. Everyone is welcome to attend the weekly council

meetings. The time and place of the meetings are posted outside the Students' Association offices (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380).

The office is open on weekdays from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. and often you may find members of the council or the executive hard at work much later in the day. Drop by if you need information, require a service, or are interested in lending a hand or simply looking around.

The Students' Association funds, or partially funds, a wide variety of services for students on campus including: *The Charlatan* (the student newspaper,) CKCU-FM (the radio station), the Women's Centre, the Peer Counselling Centre, the Office of the Ombudsman, the Education and Research Office, various publications and an assortment of clubs and societies on campus. It offers miscellaneous business services through the finance office, secretaries, and business manager and operates other services such as typing referral, baby-sitting referral, community garden plots, and a book exchange.

In conjunction with the administration, the Students' Association also operates the Unicentre. A central building on campus, the Unicentre, contains most of the services listed above, as well as the Variety Store, the Record Theatre, Rooster's Coffee House, the Arts and Crafts Workshop, Oliver's Pub, a Community Centre, and a number of lounges among other things.

One way in which the Students' Association serves students is in providing entertainment. Besides entertainment in Rooster's, Oliver's and the Main Hall, there are special events each year such as Orientation Week in September and Winter Madness Week in February.

The Students' Association is concerned with the role of students in the university administration. It has worked hard to develop and maintain student representation on all the university decision-making bodies. The association has successfully worked towards placing student representatives on the University Senate, the Board of Governors and on university committees dealing with student aid, academic courses and programmes, athletic facilities and many other areas of concern. Some parts of the university are constantly in flux, and it is crucial for students to express their interests. If you are interested in becoming involved in university decision-making, drop by the Students' Association offices.

The Students' Association also wants to make students' voices heard at all levels of government. In the Ottawa community, the association has been involved in municipal issues such as housing and transportation. At other levels of government, the association works through the Ontario Federation of Students and the National Union of Students, two other organizations to which all Carleton students belong. These organizations are active in areas such as accessibility to education, university under-funding, and research and development.

Any students' association is only as effective as its students are active in university life. There are many avenues through which students can become involved in Students' Assocation activities to improve the nature of the environment within the university and beyond.

The Students' Association invites you to become a part of

what is happening this year and looks forward to getting to know you. (Submitted by the Students' Association.)

## Study Skills

Getting through school can be hard work and, of course, you are the one who has to write the exam, read the textbooks, do the research, hand in the essays and so on. If you start feeling overwhelmed, however, don't give up. A number of services on campus exist to help you. It's a good idea to check these out early – before you find yourself panicking about mid-term exams and final assignments. Remember, too, that if there's anything in the subject matter or content of a course which you don't understand, a good place to start is by asking your instructor. Talk to her/him after class or in regular office hours. All instructors have to choose, and post, a few hours a week when they will be available to talk to students. Think about the following services as well. Some are free; others involve a minimal charge. In all cases, the personnel are experienced and competent to help in the specific study skill area.

- The Writing Tutorial Service offers one-to-one tutoring, free of charge, to any student registered in any Carleton Faculty. Instruction emphasizes the practical aspects of writing with help for work in progress and work already completed. For information call 231-6749 or 231-3847 (English Department Secretariat.)
- The Mathematics Tutorial Centre provides a free dropin service, primarily for students in Math courses but open to any Carleton student who needs assistance in the area of Mathematics. For more information, call 231-5500 or try the Mathematics Department Secretariat.
- University Counselling Services (Room 1201, Arts Tower, 231-4408) co-ordinates a series of study skills courses throughout the year in seminar or workshop format beginning in late September, 1980. They include Effective Reading (\$25), Essay Writing (\$15), Effective Speaking (\$15), and Systems for Study (\$10). For more information, call Counselling Services at 231-4408 or register in 1201 Arts Tower.
- The Learning Assistance Service also provides individualized help, based on your expressed interests and diagnostic tests, to overcome study difficulties and improve the skills you already have. This service is free to Carleton students. For more information call the Reading and Study Skills Counsellor at 231-4408, University Counselling Services, 1201 Arts Tower.
- The Students' Association (CUSA) sponsors a speed reading course with sessions offered on a regular basis throughout the year. The cost this summer was \$42. For more information call the CUSA office at 231-4380 or drop by Room 401 Unicentre.
- Finally, Carleton offers a more formal programme of training in **English as a Second Language.** Both session-long and intensive courses are offered at three levels of proficiency. The fee is as high as for regular credit courses. In some cases, these courses may be taken for credit. No native speaker of the language may be enrolled. For more information call the English as a Second Language programme, Linguistics Department, at 231-5657 or 231-5573.

#### Supplemental Exams

Supplemental exams are *not* available in all courses. Check with your instructor at the beginning of the year. In addition, even in courses where they are offered, the general rules governing grade-raisers and supplemental exams vary by faculty and in two cases by school.

Basically, a supplemental exam may be available to you if you receive an F rather than an FNS (Failure No Supplemental) in a course. A grade-raiser, as the name suggests, is a way to raise the grade you received in a course if you passed but feel, for some reason, that you could have done better.

In Arts and Social Sciences, there is a "discredit" system with a maximum number of allowable discredits. A failure without a supplemental is one discredit; a failure with a supplemental passed is still one discredit (but, of course, the mark you receive is calculated into your average); a failure and a second failure on a supplemental are two discredits. In these faculties, the actual mark you receive on the second exam becomes your supplemental mark.

In the Faculty of Engineering, on the other hand, a supplemental exam may only result in a pass (worth D minus) no matter how well you do. (In this case, it may be better for your overall average to simply repeat the course in another term.) The rules in Architecture and Industrial Design are somewhat different, however.

In the Faculty of Science, a first year full-time student may write two supplemental exams, provided that in passing them, the student will complete the first year programme. After admission to the course credit system, a student majoring or honouring in science may write a restricted number of supplementals and/or course replacements or course repetitions. The formula basis of this restiction is described in detail on p. 360 of *The Calendar*.

Not everyone who writes a supplemental or grade-raising exam actually does better the second time around. Indeed, if all your work on the course was uniformly poor and you feel you may not have grasped the subject matter, it makes little sense to simply write a new exam in the vague hope that things will have changed. At the other extreme, if you were doing well until a head cold or over-work began to affect your performance during an exam, a supplemental or grade raiser might be an ideal choice for you.

To decide which rules apply and what choice is best, begin by reading the relevant section of the 1980–81 *Calendar*. Then, to find out exactly what rules may affect you, make an appointment to see someone in your Faculty Registrar's Office.

To apply for a supplemental or grade-raising exam, fill out a form in your Faculty Registrar's Office. There are rigid deadlines, so check for them in the *Calendar* first. If you change your mind and do not wish to write the exam, make sure you inform the Registrar's Office of this as well. A supplemental exam is as serious as your first examination and the mark you receive will definitely be recorded. Do not just wander out, for example, if you feel ill. Tell a proctor right away.

Finally, supplementals and grade-raising exams cost \$10 per course.

Some relevant sections of the Calendar are:

Dates and Deadlines: pp. 10-12

**Rules and Regulations:** Arts and Social Sciences: pp. 90–91, Science: p. 30, Architecture: pp. 328–329, Engineering: p. 301. (See also "Deferred Exams" and "Exams".)



# **Telephones**

It is no longer Bell Canada's policy to demand deposits and/or advance payment from low-income people such as students. (This, by the way, is the result of lobbying by the National Anti-Poverty Organization.)

If you encounter resistance or trouble with a disputed bill, be persistent. If necessary, speak to the local manager or Vice-President Services (567-3911).

## The Charlatan

The Charlatan (Room 531 Unicentre, 231-4480) is Carleton's student newsmagazine. It appears every Thursday during the academic year.

Anyone can become part of *The Charlatan*. If you want to write news, sports or feature stories, review the arts, draw graphics, take photos, edit copy, or help in the production of the paper, you are urged to come to *The Charlatan's* office.

In the fall *The Charlatan* will be conducting recruitment drives to organize new staff for the year. During orientation week there will be a table on the fourth floor Unicentre. If we miss you, be sure and come to our general meeting which will be announced during the first week of classes.

Funding for the paper is provided by the Students' Association (CUSA) through a body called the Joint Board and through advertising revenue. Editorial content is the responsibility of the editorial board whose names are listed each week on the

masthead. Editorial decisions are collectively made by this group and the general staff. An open editorial board meeting is held every Friday to discuss the next week's paper and related matters. The editor-in-chief acts as the central co-ordinator, resource person, and referee.

A full member of the national university student news cooperative, Canadian University Press, (CUP), *The Charlatan* sends and receives news stories from across Canada. Watch for the (CUP) notation in the first line of these stories.

The Charlatan does make mistakes, but it also tries to learn from them. To make sure *The Charlatan* never becomes what its name implies, come up and become a part of it. (Submitted by The Charlatan.)

#### **Travel**

If you are trying to travel as cheaply as possible, keep an eye on the Rides Board (opposite Information Carleton on the 4th Floor of the Unicentre) for someone driving your way. There is a student discount offered by Voyageur Colonial on bus fares. Tickets are available at the Unicentre Store from September to April. Via Rail has no special student rate, but its group fare (any three of you can call yourselves a group) may be worthwhile.

The Canadian University Travel Service (CUTS) operates a travel agency on campus (behind the Variety Store, 4th Floor Unicentre, 238-5493) where you can purchase airline tickets, charters, group tours and the like. Inquire carefully into prices: increasing deregulation of air fares may mean special sales and advance bookings which can cut your costs significantly. Comparison shop, but make sure you understand any special restrictions on your tickets. For example, will you get a refund if you change your mind? Can you alter the dates of departure or return? Is the price guaranteed or will it increase if policies change after the day you make your purchase?

For an expensive vacation, you should consider cancellation insurance but make sure you know what the insurance covers. If you have complex plans, a travel agency can probably help. Be careful to use only those agencies which are licensed and registered with the Ontario government (this means your losses will probably be covered if the agency goes out of business). For special student-related discounts (and to purchase an International Student Card if you are headed to Europe), CUTS is probably a good place to start gathering information.

#### **Tuition Fees**

We are so inured to university education on a fee-for-service basis that the noun "tuition" is used colloquially to mean "tuition fees". In any case, as a result of Ontario government policy, tuition fees have increased again this year.

The exact amount of your fees will vary by the faculty (or school) and the number of courses in which you are enrolled. Please read pp. 46–49 of this year's *Calendar* very carefully. You will find that the policies and procedures regarding fees may become important if you change status (e.g. full-time to part-time), or programme, if you withdraw totally, or if you have trouble meeting the final payment dates.

Read the *Calendar* carefully. If you still have questions, phone or visit the Business Office (3rd Floor, Administration Building, 231-3762). The Business Office staff are the experts on fees. Their advice, as a result, is the most reliable on refunds, payment-plans and tuition fees.



## **Unemployment Insurance**

The Unemployment Insurance Act has been described as "booby-trapped and byzantine". It can make collecting UI almost as frustrating as being out of work.

Do not hesitate to apply, however. If you wait, you may begin to lose weeks of eligibility. It is an insurance programme; you have the right to collect from the fund because you have been paying the premiums.

To qualify for regular benefits, you must have worked for more than 20 hours a week for a specified number of weeks in your "qualifying period". This period is either the last 52 weeks or the time since you last collected UI (whichever is shorter).

If you have never worked before, you will need 20 weeks. If you have worked in the past, you will need 14 weeks of work (or UI benefits, lock-out or strike, worker's compensation, etc.) in the 52 weeks before your qualifying period. If you have this, you will need only 10 to 14 weeks of work in your qualifying period.

This is all fairly complicated (and we haven't even mentioned special rules for maternity and sickness benefits, or repeaters).

Do apply. If you encounter problems or need more information, call the Office of the Ombudsman (231-6717) for advice. The UI system includes a formal appeal procedure in which you can often find success. Benefits, by the way, are 60 per cent of your "insurable earnings".

#### Unicentre

Opened in 1970, the Unicentre was designed to be the "hub" or living room of the campus. The Centre, about 60 per cent of which is leased to the Students' Association, offers a wide variety of services for students, faculty, and staff. What follows, here, is a short introduction or tour of the building. Many of the services mentioned are described at greater length elsewhere in *Survival*. For reasons of space, not all are lengthily discussed, but we do urge you to try out any service or operation which interests you. Some are free. Others charge a moderate fee. In the case of Students' Association owned and operated services, any profit flows back to your own organization.

The first floor of the Unicentre includes the **Games Area** with facilities for pool, table tennis and pin ball and vending machines for a light snack. Behind the Games Area is a **Community Centre** (a new venture this year) which may provide you with a place to meet your friends, a reading room, and a focal point for student clubs. At the far end of the first floor is **Oliver's**, the campus pub, with live evening entertainment from Thursday to Saturday and a large TV screen for viewing major sport events.

The Peppermill, the main campus cafeteria, is right above Oliver's on the second floor. Newly decorated last year, the Peppermill is open for breakfast, lunch, and an early dinner. Nearby is **Mike's Place**, a licensed lounge run by the Graduate Students' Association. Next door is the **Main Hall**, where movies, speakers, concerts, exhibits, and other special events are held. You can rent the hall, at a special student rate, by calling the Students' Association at 231-4380. Finally, **Gus' Hair Salon** is on the second floor. Customers say it is trendy and competent with prices a little lower than some of the fashionable spots downtown.

The third floor of the building is hard to define since the Main Hall splits it in two. At one side is the **Mezzanine Lounge.** On the other is the **Arts and Crafts Studio Workshop** which offers woodworking, pottery and textile arts equipment and courses. A moderate fee entitles you to the use of this facility. Try it out.

On the fourth level, at the top of the main stairwell, is **Information Carleton** (231-7177) which, among other things, can tell you about any of the services in the building or elsewhere on campus, about university deadlines and exam schedules, about on and off-campus entertainment and events and about where to go for the answers to more serious questions. Next door is Rooster's Coffee House, a popular meeting place for conversation, beverages, and occasional entertainment. Tuesday nights there is a talent night and, from time to time, there are lunch hour speakers which have ranged in the past from Ministers of the federal government to officials of the postal workers' union. Down the hall are the Students' Association offices (Room 401 Unicentre, 231-4380) where you are invited to drop by any time. Across the hall is the **Variety Store** which sells stationary, magazines, candy bars, and tickets and passes for OC Transpo. Also available are tickets to the National Arts Centre and tickets (at a special student discount) on inter-city bus lines. Within the store is a travel agency (Canadian University Travel Ser**vice**) which is owned and operated by Canadian student councils and a record shop called **Record Theatre** which offers new and used records and specializes in deleted recordings.

On the fifth level are the Ham Radio Club, the Peer Counselling Centre, the Women's Centre, the Canada Employment and Immigration Centre, the Office of the Ombudsman, the Graduate Students' Association, *The Charlatan*, the Photography Club, and CKCU-FM, the student radio station.

Finally, on the sixth floor is **Health Services** with excellent medical services for students, faculty and staff. (Submitted by the Students' Association.)

#### Unions

Most of the people who work at Carleton are unionized including the faculty, the support staff, the maintenance workers, and even the full-time staff of the Students' Association. Part-time or casual employees of Carleton or of the Students' Association, however, usually are not eligible for union membership.

One exception is a CUPE local which last year won the right to represent student teaching and research assistants. Both graduates and undergraduate student assistants are members. At the time of writing, the union was negotiating with the university over a first contract and sharing office space with the Graduate Students' Association in Room 511A Unicentre (231-3671).

If you are a student research/teaching assistant, lab demonstrator, or marker this year, give them a call. They are always looking for students who would like to become more actively involved and, of course, the union's ability to help you is based on the degree of support you and other students show.

# **University Counselling Services**

In your daily life at Carleton you may face personal, educational or vocational problems which can interfere with your life. If this is the case, University Counselling Services (Room 1201 Arts Tower, 231-4408) may be able to help. Don't "wait for things to work out". The sooner you seek help, the faster you can resolve your concerns.

Three professional counselling psychologists are here to help you by providing educational, vocational and personal counselling; assessing abilities, aptitudes, interest and personality through a variety of psychological tests; offering a Learning Assistance programme; and providing educational and occupational information. These services are offered both individually and in groups.

The service is strictly confidential. No information will be released without your consent.

University Counselling Services is open to all members of the university community. Office hours are 9:00 a.m. to noon and 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. For information or an appointment, drop by or call 231-4408. (Submitted by University Counselling Services.)



#### **Venereal Disease**

These days the experts like to talk about "sexually transmitted diseases". It sounds less intimidating. While gonorrhea and syphilis are common, other infections can also be transmitted sexually.

For detailed information, contact Health Services (6th Floor Unicentre, 231-2755) or the Venereal Disease Treatment Clinic (250 Somerset Street East, 234-0747). At either location, pick up copies of various booklets (including *The V.D. Handbook*) free of charge.

There are really three major points to understand. Firstly, even nice people get VD, so there is nothing to be ashamed about. Secondly, make sure to get regular check-ups even if your sexual activity is limited to one partner. Some forms of VD, for example primary syphilis in women, may have no visible effect in the early (easily curable) stages. Finally, if you are diagnosed as having a sexually transmitted disease, it is your responsibility to inform (or to have a medical agency inform) all those you may have infected. If they know, they too can be treated and cured.

- **Gonorrhea** is transmitted by vaginal or oral-genital intercourse. For 80 per cent of women, the symptoms are non-existent; the rest may have a green or yellow-green vaginal discharge. Men who have intercourse with an infected partner, will find a white or yellow creamy discharge seeping from the opening of the penis 3 to 5 days after intercourse. An untreated infection can lead to sterility for men or women. Prescribed treatment is simple however: a penicillin injection or oral antibiotics.
- **Syphilis** is usually but not invariably transmitted through vaginal or oral-genital intercourse. A condom is some protection against gonorrhea but not syphilis. Many women are unaware they have been infected since the first symptom, a sore on the

cervix or the inner vaginal walls, is often not visible. A sore may also appear on lips, tongue, tonsils or even on minor scratches or bites. For men, the sore usually appears on the glans (head) of the penis or in the groove betwen the glans and the rest of the penis. It may also appear elsewhere on the penis or scrotum. Without treatment, these sores will usually heal by themselves in I to 5 weeks. However the disease continues to develop and can be transmitted to a sexual partner at any stage.

- Secondary syphilis will develop unless we seek treatment initially. About 6 weeks after the appearance of the primary sore (or chancre) a generalized but painless skin rash appears. In some cases, lymph glands (in arm and neck) become rubbery and enlarged but not painful. In about 25 per cent of cases, there is a general feeling of ill health (e.g. low fever, constipation, headaches, muscle pains). The symptoms of secondary syphilis also disappear (usually in 2 to 6 weeks) even without treatment.
- Latent syphilis then develops in about two-thirds of untreated cases. There are no further symptoms but the disease remains communicable.
- Late syphilis, however, can appear 10 to 40 years after infection. It can damage the heart, major blood vessels, spinal cord and brain. It can lead to an early and needless death.
- **Treatment** for syphilis is penicillin injection or oral antibiotics. It is simple and easy. Most sexually transmitted diseases can be cured.

Do not allow yourself to avoid treatment, in any case, out of guilt or embarrassment. A health clinic or a doctor will respect your privacy. In avoiding regular check-ups, you can only harm your health and the health of others.



## Withdrawing

The rules and regulations governing withdrawal from courses are administered quite strictly. If at some point you think you may

want to withdraw from some or all of your courses at Carleton, you should acquaint yourself with these rules. For undergraduate and special students, the deadline for withdrawing from first term half courses is November 14; for full courses, the deadline is February 20; and for second term half courses and full courses, it is March 20. (Graduate students are an exception and may usually withdraw up to the last day of classes in the term of registration.)

If you withdraw before these dates (officially, by filling out a form in your Faculty Registrar's Office), you may do so without academic penalty. You may even receive a partial refund of tuition fees. (See "Fee Refunds".) After that date, however, you may find yourself with F, FNS or ABS notations on your transcript. These marks will not be erased and further problems in re-registering at Carleton or seeking admission elsewhere may arise.

Please attempt to withdraw before the deadlines. However, if for some reason you have missed the final date, contact your Faculty Registrar's Office in any case. If you are only a day or so delayed, or if some special circumstance such as illness is involved in your belated decision to withdraw, the Registrar, Assistant Registrar or Counsellor with whom you speak will probably be able to help you.

In any case, your notice of intention to withdraw must be made in writing to your Faculty Registrar's Office (or Continuing Education if you are a special student). Just ceasing to attend classes is not an official notice of withdrawal.

As well as academic penalties for omitting to withdraw officially, there may be financial ones. The pro-rated refund will be dated from the time you withdrew officially and not from the date you made up your mind and/or stopped going to classes. The Business Office (231-3762) is the only reliable source of information about the refund system. The person in charge is Sam McAdam. For appeals to withdraw retroactively, however, you must contact your Faculty Registrar's Office.

Aside from the possibility of appealing to withdraw retroactively if you have missed the deadlines, it is also worth noting that some of the situations which affect your decision to withdraw may be rectifiable. Financial aid, personal and/or academic counselling, study skills programmes, and help in other areas are available.

If you do decide to withdraw from one or more of your courses, take time to find out if this will have any impact on your academic progress (at you Faculty Registrar's Office), your student loan and/or grant or scholarship (at the Awards Office), and your eligibility to live in residence (at the Housing Office). Full-time status is differently defined for different purposes, so make sure you have approached all the expert sources of advice.

Finally, if you are interested in an appeal, find yourself bogged down in bureaucracy, or have some other problem, phone or visit the Office of the Ombudsman (Room 511 Unicentre, 231-6717).

#### Women's Centre

The Women's Centre (Room 504 Unicentre, 231-3779) is run by volunteers as a place to get together and talk, to exchange

ideas and to gain support from other women. As well as its collection of books and journals, the centre provides information on issues pertaining to women's groups. Formal courses are sponsored by the centre, as well as exhibits of women's art, speakers, films, concerts, workshops, and a regular newsletter.

Through involvement in university politics, the centre tries to deal with the unique problems women encounter in university. Special interest groups, such as one focusing on women returning to school, are also organized.

The centre always needs more volunteers. If you have questions, suggestions or ideas, drop by.



# Zoetrope

You may have noticed by now that *Survival* has no "K" and no "Q". Our Design Director says we have to have a "Z".

We tried zero (a cipher) and Zoril (a quadruped) and zither (an instrument) and zoar (a sanctuary). Then we settled on "zoetrope" which means "wheel of life". It's your turn. Have a spin. We know you'll do more than just survive.

# CARLETON UNIVERSITY HOUSING AND FOOD SERVICES

Room 225 Commons Building

231-3612

231-3610

#### off-campus

Didn't get into Residence? Would you like a home away from home? Or simply need a place to stay while attending Carleton?

Try the Off-Campus Housing Office located in Room 223/225 of the Commons Building. We have varied and extensive listings to suit your needs. We list rooms, flats, apartments, and houses on bulletin boards outside the Housing Office. This enables you to view them 24 hours a day. These lists are available year-round.

Come and see us. We may be just the place you are looking for.

#### campus dining plans

Save time spent in cooking and after meal clean-up. Save money on what you normally spend on Day-to-Day purchase of Cafeteria meals. We offer a variety of 4 meal plans. 1 meal a Day, 5 Days a Week.
2 Meals a Day, 5 or 7 Days a Week.
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Join Now. Consult us for further information and prices.

We are open from 8:30 - 4:30 Monday to Friday during the summer, and 9 - 5 during the academic year. WE ARE LOOKING FORWARD TO SEEING YOU IN SEPTEMBER



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